

Israel hoopsters 2nd in Europe; basketball miracle fails to happen

By ALAN ELSNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

There were no miracles yesterday evening for Israel's basketball team in the European National Championship final against the mighty Russians in Turin, Italy.

Israel went down 82-76 in the final in which they were always outgunned by the giant Russian team, whose average height was well over two metres. The half-time score was 47-35.

But the Israeli players, who returned home this afternoon, have achieved their best-ever results in Europe, winning the silver medal — ahead of such basketball powers as Yugoslavia, Czechoslovakia, Italy and Spain.

The vociferous crowd at Turin, almost to a man supporting the

Israeli underdogs, were able to hope for the first 10 minutes of the match that the impossible might really happen.

Israel opened brilliantly, and after nine minutes, having held the Russians all the way, took a two-point lead. But at that stage the Russians settled, and their overwhelming height advantage began to assert itself.

Israel's defence had no answer to Vladimir Tkachenko, their 2.3-metre giant, who has been named Sergej Belov was the other Russian destroyer, whose raids on both flanks brought him 23 points.

Israel came out for the second half in a fighting mood, and after five minutes had cut the lead to seven points, with Boaz Yannai showing brilliant flashes. But again the

Russians stretched the lead and from that moment on there was never any question that they would win the championship.

Miki Berkowitz, the outstanding player of the championships, showed only a few flashes of his true form, but his 18 points were enough to give him the coveted top scorer title for the entire championship.

Yannai, a surprise star in the Israeli team, was joint top scorer with Berkowitz. Lou Silver shot 14.

The match was played in good spirits but lacked drama as a spectacle after those first 10 minutes when David grappled with Gollath.

Immediately the game ended, Prime Minister Menachem Begin sent a telegram to the Israeli team, saying, "You made a wonderful effort — kol hakavod."



Russia's Tkachenko dwarfs the Israeli defence to score a basket in last night's final of the European Nations basketball championship, which the Russians won 82-76. (Rahamim Israel — Israel Television)

Former Speaker Yeshayahu, at 68.

Yisrael Yeshayahu, who was Speaker of the Knesset in the previous Knesset, died yesterday afternoon in Beilinson Hospital in Petah Tikva after a prolonged illness. He was 68.

Yeshayahu was admitted to Hadassah Hospital in Jerusalem three months ago. Last week he was transferred to Beilinson Hospital at the request of his family, as his condition worsened.

The Knesset and the government were notified of his death.

Yeshayahu will be given a state funeral today. The public will be able to pay last respects in the Knesset plaza from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m. The service will be held in the Knesset plaza at 3.30 p.m. Because of restrictions on space, the Knesset has invited a limited number of public figures and persons who were close to the former Speaker to attend. After the service the funeral will proceed to Har Herzl where Yeshayahu will be buried in the plot set aside for state leaders. (Obituary, page 7)

Almost half of agenda set at pre-autonomy talks

By DAVID LANDAU
Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Some 40 per cent of the list of items to be included in an agenda for the autonomy talks has been agreed upon between Israeli and Egyptian officials. This was the assessment of a high diplomatic source closely familiar with the progress of the "talks about talks" which wound up in Heratya yesterday afternoon after two intensive days.

The high source seemed fairly encouraged by the outcome of the Heratya meet. He pointed out that the mood and atmosphere at the sessions had been warm, informal and businesslike — and this seemed to augur well for the future.

But he cautioned that the toughest issues remain in dispute.

The Egyptians, it is understood, want an agenda that will refer to all the most sensitive and controversial issues — Jerusalem and the settlements, for example — which trouble Arab world opinion.

He said that if these issues can at least be shown to appear on the order of business for the coming 10

months of negotiation — that in itself would be something of an achievement with which to rebut Arab world criticism of the Camp David process.

Israel, on the other hand, is apparently sticking to a restrictive and conservative reading of the Camp David accords, insisting that only the issues explicitly delineated there be included in the agenda for the autonomy talks.

Despite their wide areas of disagreement (or perhaps because of them), Israeli and Egyptian officials at Heratya yesterday were plainly in close agreement on how much information they were making public: very little.

The Israeli ministerial autonomy team convened in Tel Aviv yesterday evening to hear a report from Rosemne on the two days of talks. According to Israel TV, neither Defence Minister Ezer Weizman nor Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan were present. The Egyptian delegate, meanwhile, was flown by IDF helicopter to El-Aris where they transferred to an Egyptian helicopter to return to Cairo.

Court order halts work on Eilon Moreh site

By DAVID RICHARDSON
Jerusalem Post Reporter

All construction and excavation work on the site of the recently established Gush Emunim settlement at Eilon Moreh was halted yesterday afternoon following the interim injunction granted by the High Court of Justice earlier in the day.

The court also issued an order nisi stipulating that the state show cause within 30 days why it should not cease construction of the settlement and why it should not order the removal of the settlers.

The court was hearing a suit brought by 17 Arab landowners from the village of Rujib, outside Nablus, whose land was seized by order of the IDF chief of staff for the settlement, which was established last Sunday.

The landowners' counsel, attorney Elias Khoury, maintained in his brief that the seizure of private land for Jewish settlements was contrary to off-heard government policy and that the government's decision to go ahead with Eilon Moreh was the result of political pressure from Gush Emunim.

Khoury yesterday submitted two affidavits, one from the former chief of staff, MK Haim Bar-Lev, and the other from the former IDF chief of

operations, Aluf (Res.) Mattityahu Peled, which stated that in their professional opinion the settlement at Eilon Moreh was not necessary for military purposes. Moreover, they felt that such a civilian settlement could be a burden in time of war as it would require security forces to protect it and would be a convenient target for terrorist attacks.

State Attorney Gavriel Bach, appearing for the respondents — the Government of Israel, the defence minister and the military commanders of Judea and Samaria and the Nahalot District — had submitted a letter from the chief of staff, Rav-Ahuf Rafael Eitan, stating that in his opinion the settlement at Eilon Moreh "improved" the army's grip on an area which controls an important crossroads. Eitan's letter was moderate in tone and did not say that control of the hilltop where Eilon Moreh is situated was essential for the military domination of the area, nor that a civilian settlement was necessarily the best form of ensuring such control.

Justice Moshe Landau criticized the fact that the chief of staff had not submitted his opinion as a sworn affidavit, but only by letter. The nor-

(Continued on page 2, col. 4)

Begin proposes: Freeze prices on basic goods till elections

By SHLOMO MAOZ
Post Economic Reporter

Premier Menachem Begin wants prices of basic foodstuffs frozen until the next Knesset elections — more than two years off. The request he made yesterday to the Likud Knesset faction, and in doing so he seems to have created embarrassment all round.

Finance Minister Simha Ehrlich, in conversation with Knesset members yesterday, said that meeting the premier's request would cost IL20b. extra this year, over and above the IL16b. already budgeted for subsidies.

(National Religious Party) has threatened that he will vote against the budget both in the Knesset Finance Committee and in the plenary. Melamed says he will only support the budget if a sum equivalent to the increase for subsidies is lopped off the budgets of all other ministries, and a committee is set up to examine all social welfare budget clauses.

Melamed says he intends to tell the Knesset that the IL30b. budget (up from the original budget proposal of IL20b.) is unrealistic. It takes no account of the 80 per cent price rises expected this year, as compared with the original estimate of 40 per cent, nor does it anticipate a devaluation of the Israeli pound to a point lower than the IL24 to the dollar that the Treasury had forecast. Further, it does not reckon with an increase in subsidies on which the government has already effectively decided by recent refusals to authorize price increases.

Shlomo Lorincz (Agudat Yisrael), chairman of the Knesset Finance Committee, said, "We can't allow ourselves to do it. It's a catastrophe." But, he said, he agreed with Begin's request. He cannot, he said, be asked to subsidize people rather than the food they eat. Lorincz wants a system of automatic compensation for the weaker sections of society, with resources channelled only in this direction.

Embarrassment was particularly acute in the Treasury, where senior officials propounded differing assessments of the consequences of a possible price freeze.

In the meantime, Ehrlich has agreed to give Kupat Holim an additional IL2.5b. in the current budget year. Health Minister Eliezer Shostak's original request for a grant to the sick fund was for IL4.5b. But there is one area of relief: El Al will not need an extra subvention from the Treasury to cover its deficit. The chairman of the company's board of directors, Mordechai Ben-Ari, told Lorincz that El Al has reserves from previous years and will not require government help with the \$23m. loss it registered in the last financial year.

Economic circles in the capital yesterday said that inflation cannot be stopped by freezing basic commodity prices for a three-month period in an attempt to curb price rises generally. This would cost an estimated IL7b. in subsidies.

Meanwhile, MK Avraham Melamed

supply by about 15 per cent. As from today, this would be increased to 25 per cent and concentrated in specific, pre-selected areas every day. The supply of potatoes and potatoes has already been halted.

Yitzhak Landeman, general manager of Tuva, said that shortages had been felt yesterday in Jerusalem, where the supply reaching the shops and supermarkets was about 15 per cent below its usual level (separate story — page 3). There was also a "pronounced shortage" of dairy products, Landeman reported, but other areas of the country were largely unaffected.

Farmers plan to march on Jerusalem today

By ALAN ELSNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Hundreds of farmers, many of them driving tractors, plan to converge on Jerusalem today and snarl up the city's traffic as part of their ongoing protest against the government's subsidy on imported frozen beef, a farmers' source told The Jerusalem Post yesterday.

The source said that farmers would block "strategically selected roads and junctions" all over the country today as the protest campaign against the subsidies intensifies. The Knesset Finance Committee is due to meet with the farmers' representatives today to discuss the issue, and the source said that Jerusalem would be a special focus of the protests which would take place while the discussion was being held.

Meanwhile, Simha Assaf, director-general of the Histadrut Agricultural Centre, which is coordinating the farmers' campaign, denied reports which were broadcast on Israel Radio yesterday that the farmers had decided to renew the full supply of milk, poultry and potatoes to the market until next Sunday's cabinet meeting, which is due to decide on the question of the beef subsidy. "We are not making any gestures," he told The Post. "On the contrary, we are stepping up our action."

Assaf said that, until now, the farmers have cut back on the milk

supply by about 15 per cent. As from today, this would be increased to 25 per cent and concentrated in specific, pre-selected areas every day. The supply of potatoes and potatoes has already been halted.

Yitzhak Landeman, general manager of Tuva, said that shortages had been felt yesterday in Jerusalem, where the supply reaching the shops and supermarkets was about 15 per cent below its usual level (separate story — page 3). There was also a "pronounced shortage" of dairy products, Landeman reported, but other areas of the country were largely unaffected.

However, the farmers have indicated that today's outcashes would be directed at the Tel Aviv area and Landeman said that he expected the shortage in the shops to make itself felt by about mid-day.

The farmers are protesting against the government's failure to remove the subsidy, which is keeping imported frozen beef at IL20 a kilo below its real price in the shops, and making it difficult for them to sell home-grown chickens. The Agriculture Ministry has consistently supported the farmers' demands, but other ministries, including Prime Minister Begin, are worried about the effect on the Consumer Price Index if beef were suddenly to rise by IL20 a kilo, and the political backlash that such a rise would cause.

Begin welcomes ADL statement

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prime Minister Menachem Begin last night congratulated the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith for its statement rejecting the U.S. government claim that the West Bank settlements are illegal.

Speaking at a dinner in the Knesset in honour of his receipt of the Joseph Prize for human rights, Begin said he had read the statement, issued by the ADL national commission in New York this week, "with great pride."

The ADL statement asserted that "the claim of illegality has no legitimate basis." It explained that Jordan "had no sovereign right to the land," and that Israel "obtained the West Bank in 1967 in a war of self-defence."

The statement added that "Camp David deliberately left open both the question of settlements and the ultimate status of the West Bank for Israel to accept the principle that Jews cannot settle on the West Bank is to make unnecessary the negotiations still ahead. This would be destructive of all peace efforts... We reject the concept that Jews should not be free to settle and live in peace in Judea and Samaria..."

Egypt expects to be making U.S. arms by next summer

CAIRO. — Talks are under way with the U.S. on granting Egypt licences to manufacture American arms locally, and a conclusion is expected by next August, Defence Minister Gen. Kamal Hassan Ali said yesterday.

All also told a news conference Egypt may launch a bond campaign to help finance its military industries.

Egypt, he said, had laid down a programme which would be carried out with U.S. help in the short, medium and long terms.

Initially, Ali said, existing military production lines would be boosted. In the medium term new lines would be added and eventually plants making entirely new products would be set up.

All spoke at a press conference marking the 26th anniversary of the start of Egyptian war production. He said he discussed the question of American arms licences with U.S. Assistant Defence Secretary Gen. William Perry, who arrived on Sun-

day for a four-day visit. Cairo newspapers said Egyptian military electronics industries were among the topics.

All did not say what equipment or weapons Egypt wanted the U.S. to grant licences for. "We had very fruitful discussions concerning licences," he said of his talks with Perry. By the end of August we will come to a good conclusion concerning this matter."

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat said in a speech earlier this month that he would seek U.S. arms licences for production in Egypt, partly by way of compensation for the dissolution of the Cairo-based Arab Military Industrialisation Organisation (AMIO).

Saudi Arabia, Qatar and the United Arab Emirates — Egypt's partners in the \$4 billion AMIO withdrew from the joint venture recently in a bid to punish Egypt for its peace treaty with Israel. Sadat then decided to make the organization a purely Egyptian concern.

State Dep't urges tougher U.S. policy on settlements

By WOLF BLITZER
Washington Post Correspondent

WASHINGTON. — Senior State Department officials are recommending to President Jimmy Carter that the U.S. adopt a new "get tough" policy toward Israel's decision to establish new settlements on the West Bank.

They believe that Washington must go beyond formal diplomatic protests to impress upon the Israeli government the strong U.S. opposition to the outpost.

So far, Carter has not yet acted on the latest recommendations, partially because he has been preoccupied by the Vienna summit with Soviet leader Leonid Brezhnev.

Some influential U.S. officials, including special Middle East negotiator Robert Strauss, are more cautious than the State Department, concerned that any drastic U.S. response might prove counterproductive to the ongoing autonomy talks.

Political aides in the White House, moreover, fear that any such action might result in a sharp backlash by the American Jewish community — something clearly undesirable going into next year's presidential elections.

In a significant development, the State Department yesterday refused to deny a report in "The Washington Post" by syndicated columnist

Rowland Evans and Robert Novak noting that Secretary of State Cyrus Vance wants the U.S. to take stronger action against Israel.

"Vance has considered several ways to persuade Begin that the United States will not let Israel dictate ridiculously narrow limits on promised autonomy for 1.3 million West Bank and Gaza Arabs," the columnist said.

"One would be to reduce Israel's annual aid from the United States for each new settlement. Another call for a Carter speech describing why pressure on Israel is essential to keep the United States from losing the oil game."

Well-placed sources here said that the State Department's public response to the Evans and Novak column — "no comment" — was deliberate.

U.S. officials were pleased by the decision of the Israel High Court of Justice to temporarily stop construction at Eilon Moreh but they were far from hopeful that Begin would cease new settlement activity at this time.

A State Department spokesman told reporters yesterday that the U.S. had never taken the position that Israelis could not live on the West Bank. But he reiterated the long-standing U.S. view that settlements were illegal under international law and obstacles to peace.

Jehan Sadat: A woman who leads men

"It is difficult in Egypt for a woman to lead men," says Jehan Sadat. But that's exactly what she did, with ease and assurance, during a day The Post's Joan Borsten spent with her last week.

The Egyptian first lady explained why she had chosen to defy tradition and assume a public role as the president's wife. Her predecessor, Mrs. Nasser, rarely left the presidential compound. But Mrs. Sadat "chose the more difficult way," because, she says, "I could not stay at home when there was so much to be done, even if it meant being criticised at first and suffering a great deal."

Mrs. Sadat works with male colleagues on the Memfiya Government People's Council, which she chairs, and in various public and charitable endeavours. And while she recommends that her countrywomen take a greater part in their country's development, she insists that the wife's most important role is raising children.

Nevertheless, in an exclusive interview, she told Borsten that she opposed a plan for extended maternity leaves at half salary. "If I were a man and such a law existed, I would never hire women."

The interview appears in tomorrow's Post Weekend Magazine.

Split robs Muzorewa of majority in Zimbabwe Rhodesia parliament

SALISBURY (Reuters). — Eight members of parliament of Prime Minister Abel Muzorewa's United African National Council (UANC) resigned from the party yesterday, robbing the Zimbabwe Rhodesian leader of his parliamentary majority.

The eight, led by rebel UANC first vice-president James Chikerema, a veteran black nationalist leader told a news conference they had formed their own party, the Zimbabwe Democratic Party (ZDP), which would sit in parliament and would seek seats in the coalition cabinet.

The rebellion reduces UANC representation in the 100-seat House of Assembly to 43 parliamentarians. Other parties in parliament are the Rhodesian Front of former premier Ian Smith with 28 seats reserved for whites, the Zimbabwe African National Union (ZANU) of the Rev. Ndabaningi Sithole, 12, and the United National Federal Party (UNFP) of Chief Kayisa Ndwandwe with nine.

The rebels said in a statement that they had been forced to resign from the UANC because the party was run on dictatorial lines by Bishop Muzorewa. No criticism or disagreement with the party leader was tolerated, they said.

All eight rebels are members of the Zazuru tribe, a subgroup of the majority Shona people; but their spokesman, Esiah Zuhwarara, told reporters the new party was against tribalism.

The prime minister and many of his close advisers are members of the Manyika tribe, another Shona subgroup.

Zuhwarara said that under the party list system used in April's one-man, one-vote election, the rebel members could retain their seats in the house while no longer members of the UANC. They would also be entitled to cabinet seats, he said.

Under the constitution, a party is entitled to one seat in the cabinet for every five MPs it has in the House.

Jerusalem angry at Nine's criticism of settlement policy

By DAVID LANDAU
Post Diplomatic Correspondent

Israel hit back bitterly yesterday at the European Community's criticism of its peace policy and its settlements.

In a letter to his European colleagues, Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan "totally rejected," on behalf of the government, the EC foreign ministers' statement on the Middle East issued on Tuesday. It was "injurious to the entire process of negotiation," Dayan wrote, "and to the search for a comprehensive settlement."

Dayan read his letter from the Knesset podium, in reply to a motion

from Labour's Abba Eban on the EC's policy towards Israel.

Earlier, a senior official at the ministry called in the EC ambassadors one by one to receive copies of Dayan's letter for transmission to their governments.

Jerusalem is particularly aggrieved and angered by Germany's position within the community on the Middle East issue. From a stance of outspoken support for the Camp David accord, Germany has steadily shifted towards the French position, which has consistently opposed the American-orchestrated peace efforts in the region.

(Continued on page 2, col. 4)

Egged drivers' group plans another strike

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Egged buses ran to their usual schedules after yesterday's strike was called off at 11 a.m. but an apparently powerful group of drivers is threatening a national bus strike next Monday.

Egged management and the cooperative's internal opposition, the "National Drivers Committee," issued conflicting reports as to effectiveness of the morning strike. The management claimed nobody had struck, but Menachem Novoytch of the National Drivers Committee maintained that many drivers had started work only after 11 o'clock.

In Jerusalem, where Transport Minister Haim Landau had issued 117 back-to-work orders to drivers who struck on Tuesday, bus service was mostly normal, though passenger traffic was light in the morning because many people had apparently made alternative arrangements to get to work.

In Haifa, there were only minor disruptions in the bus service, with longer waits between 8.30 in the morning and 9.30 in the afternoon. But at the Kiryat Haim suburb the service started hours late because paint had

been smeared on the windows of 160 buses parked at the Kiryat Haim depot.

Novoytch told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that his organization is demanding that the Transport Ministry withdraw the back-to-work orders.

The National Drivers Committee wants the management to "fulfill its election promises to improve the members' pay and working conditions immediately. If these demands are not met by Monday, we will close down the whole country," Novoytch said.

The Egged management does not recognize the "national committee" and has consistently refused to meet with its representatives. Yosef Yehosh, a member of the Egged secretariat, said yesterday that the management was doing all it could to improve working conditions and members' pay.

The Ministry of Transport was yesterday unwilling to react to the National Drivers Committee's demands and to the threat of a national bus strike.

Cabinet hears IL53b. IDF redeployment plan

By JOSHUA BRILLIANT
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The defence establishment yesterday presented to the cabinet its plan to redeploy the army in the Negev. The IL53b. training calls for building early-warning stations, training camps, emergency stores and three airbases to replace the installations to be vacated in the Sinai.

But the cabinet, which was specially convened to hear the report adjourned after two hours to enable its members to participate in a Knesset session.

The cabinet is expected to meet again within a fortnight. Defence Ministry sources said yesterday that they expect criticism of the high cost of the planned roads as well as the air-conditioning of premises.

The experts' main problem was how to provide enough training ground in the Negev, which is one-fifth the size of Sinai. The army was further hampered by the committee of directors-general, who set aside land for civilian agricultural settlement in the Negev.

The solution was to share training grounds between units and use more simulators. The

campes will be built in a few clusters near the training grounds to save on travel expenses.

Logistic bases will be built near present towns. That would boost Mitzpe Ramon, Yeroham and Eilat, since several thousand families of soldiers and civilian employees will be encouraged to move to those towns.

Emergency stores will also be built in the Negev. During the time it would take tanks, armoured troop carriers and artillery to reach the battle fronts. Hundreds of thousands of square metres of ammunition stores and garages for armoured vehicles will also be built in the Negev.

These plans will require the extension of the National Water Carrier which reaches Karem Shalom. Some 140km. of high-tension electric wire will have to be laid.

The plans will also require laying some 800 km. of telephone and other communications lines, and Zipori said he doubted whether Israel could do that herself. He thus indicated that foreign workers would have to be imported in addition to the 3,000 foreigners to be hired by the U.S. to build the airbases at Eilat Ovdia and Ramat Matred. Israel plans to build by herself

the third base at Tel Malhata, in the triangle between Beerseheba, Arad and Dimona.

The plan is to be completed within five years. Since Israel is expected to complete its withdrawal from Sinai in three years, the camps will be built in stages. Thus, camps for tank battalions will be constructed in a way which would enable them to use the structures already completed while the rest is still being built.

No land ownership problems are expected except for the dispute with Be'udim at Tel Malhata. Zipori said he expects to solve that dispute with IL600m. compensation.

He also said that if new settlements are to be built in the Negev in the long run, the IDF could vacate some of its camps. Farmers could till lands between the runways of the base planned at Ovdia, he said yesterday.

Zipori told reporters later in the Knesset that the IDF had, for the most part, coordinated its deployment programme with the national outline plan for which the Interior Ministry is responsible. Compromises were worked out in some cases where there had been conflict. Only a few outstanding issues still remain for resolution by the cabinet, Zipori said.

Two men hijack plane on U.S. internal flight

CHICAGO (UPI). — Two men believed to be Serbian nationalists seeking to free a jailed compatriot hijacked an American Airlines jet yesterday and held the 137 persons aboard hostage in the plane at Chicago's O'Hare International Airport.

The two men, one in the cockpit of the 727 jetliner and the other in the cabin, were carrying packages in plastic that they said contained explosives, an American Airlines spokesman said.

They were reported to be demanding the release of their fellow national — a Serbian Orthodox priest — and transport to Peru.

The plane was Flight 293 en route from New York's La Guardia Airport to Chicago and then to Oklahoma City.

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COPENHAGEN 17 28 13 51 Sunny
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GENEVA 19 28 20 82 Clear
HELSINKI 11 25 13 55 Clear
HONG KONG 26 29 23 83 Clear
JOHANNESBURG 3 27 15 59 Sunny
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THE WEATHER
Forecast: Fair.
Yesterday's Humidity Yesterday's Min-Max Today's Min-Max
Jerusalem 17 17-28 23
Golan 15 15-25 23
Nazareth 15 15-25 23
Haifa Port 17 24-29 29
Tiberias 48 22-40 35
Nazareth 21 22-30 35
Afula 20 22-30 35
Shomron 20 22-30 35
Tel Aviv 22 21-32 30
B-G Airport 22 19-34 33
Jericho 19 22-42 32
Gaza 18 22-39 32
Beersheba 16 18-37 35
Eilat 8 18-37 40
Tiran Straits 17 22-40 40

SOCIAL & PERSONAL
Attorney-General Yitzhak Zamir has gone to the U.S. and England on a lecture tour. During his absence his position will be filled by the director-general of the Justice Ministry, Meir Gabay.
Tel Aviv-Jaffa Rotary Club fund scholarships will be distributed at today's weekly meeting, to be held at the Tel Aviv Hilton at 1 p.m. Scholarships are for underprivileged youth and for special education teachers. The speaker will be Prof. Zacks.
Lovers' quarrel ends in double funeral
BEERSHEBA (Itim). — Tripti Peretz, 19, a woman soldier who was shot to death on Monday night by 21-year-old Avi Kardi, a soldier in the reserves, was buried in the military cemetery here yesterday.
Kardi, who shot himself in the head after killing Peretz, was also buried in the military cemetery, in a separate ceremony three hours later. Large crowds of mourners attended both funerals, which were conducted with full military honours.
The double tragedy apparently resulted from a broken romance between the two.

Woman reserves protester released
Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Talporia Benesh, arrested on Tuesday evening for refusing to answer an army reserve summons to report on May 20, was released last night after being given a 14-day suspended prison term. She was also told to report to her unit today to settle "personal matters," but was not told what these were.
Benesh, who was protesting what she terms discrimination against non-religious women, was not told that her mother and many other well-wishers had called to inquire about her welfare. She was held in isolation all day before her release.

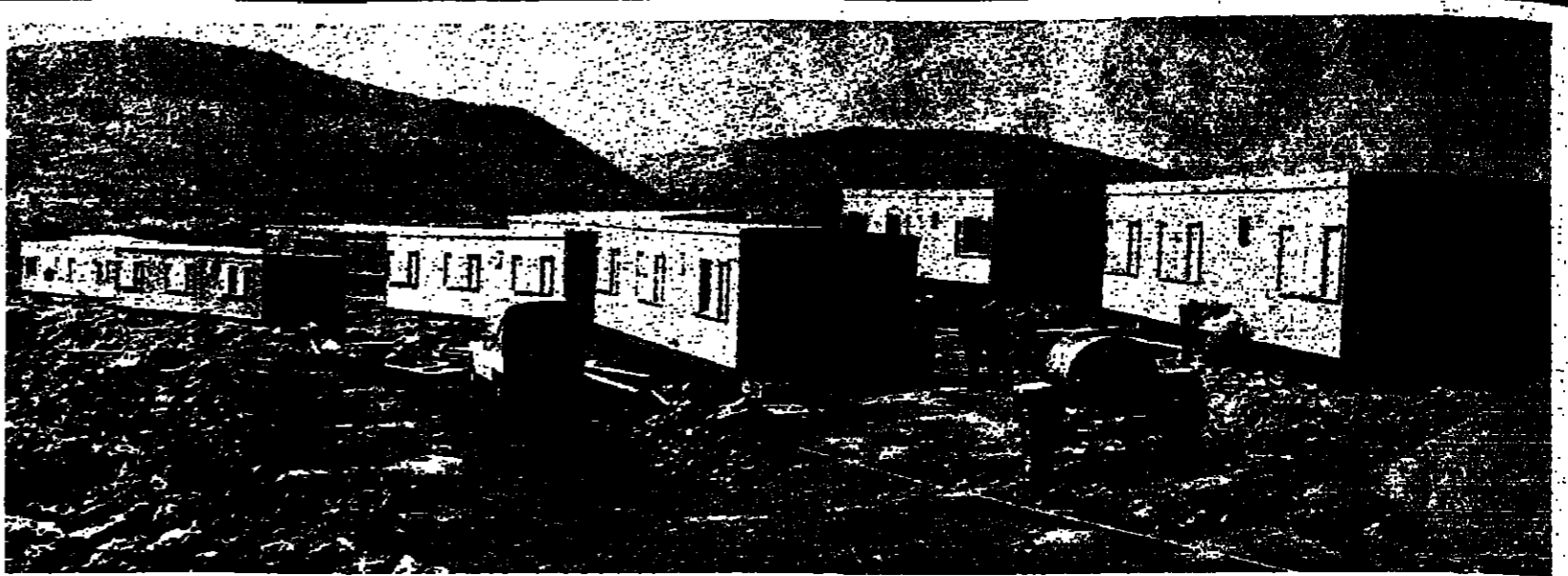
Poll finds growing rift in Jewish, Arab youth
HAIFA. — A new Haifa University poll has indicated a deep polarization between Jewish and Arab high school students in Haifa and Galilee.
Prof. Yosef Ben-Dak said yesterday the study showed that 89 per cent of the Arab youth consider a Palestinian state essential and many of them express willingness to act for its establishment. But 80 per cent of the Jewish pupils utterly reject the idea of a Palestinian state, he said.
Despite the peace process the Jewish pupils tend increasingly to consider the Arabs a fifth column, he found.

Hadera coal row
Point Economic Reporter
The Health Ministry strongly opposes plans to unload coal for the Hadera power station at Haifa Port and transport it to Hadera, Health Minister Eliezer Shostak said yesterday. Shostak said the coal dust blown into the atmosphere on the way from Haifa to Hadera would be a severe ecological hazard.

HOME NEWS

Eilon Moreh injunction makes waves in House

Jerusalem Post Reporter
The High Court decision to ban all work at Eilon Moreh has already provoked a storm in the Knesset, even though the court has granted only an interim injunction and will rule on the issue next month.
Three motions to the Knesset agenda about the High Court decision have already been submitted, and some coalition members are accusing MK Haim Bar-Lev of undermining the interests of the state and serving the enemy. Former chief of staff Bar-Lev submitted an affidavit to the court in which he said he could find no military justification for the existence of the new Gush Emunim settlement outside Nablus and that Eilon Moreh would be hard to defend in a war.
Bar-Lev defended his position yesterday, saying that the affidavit was his considered professional opinion. He said his intellectual integrity would not allow him to maintain this position in public and to refuse to submit it to the court.
Geula Cohen (Independent) filed a motion for the agenda and blamed the government for having based its settlement policy on security arguments instead of Zionist and national considerations.
Aldva Nof (DM) in his request for debate, asked whether the chief of staff, Rav-Aluf Rafael Eitan, had not submitted a sworn affidavit to the High Court because of pressure from Defence Minister Ezer Weizman, who thinks differently from the cabinet majority.
Uri Avnery (Sheli) said in his motion that the government's activities in the areas should be debated in the light of the Eilon Moreh affair.
Gush Emunim responded to the court's order by demanding that the Knesset adopt a law ensuring that settlement in all parts of Eretz Yisrael be a basic right, like the Law of Return. Such a law, they feel, should have the status of a Basic Law — those laws which make up Israel's unofficial constitution.



These are the prefabricated houses which the settlers at Eilon Moreh managed to put up before yesterday's court order forbidding all further construction at the site. (Marcus Palt)

EILON MOREH COURT ORDER

(Continued from page 1)
mal procedure of evidence before the High Court of Justice is to submit sworn affidavits, which are like evidence under oath before any other court.
The court also decided to continue the hearing before a bench of five judges, because of the political and legal importance of the subject.
Several foreign journalists and TV crews were present at the court building.
Observers stress that what is at issue is the government's settlement policy in the administered territories, which was first tested in the High Court of Justice in the Beit El lands case earlier this year. In that case the court decided that the settlements established on land seized by the army were legal because they served the security requirements of the area as evaluated by the army.
Khoury told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that he is considering submitting a request to the government to obtain the protocol of the cabinet session where the Eilon Moreh decision was taken. Press reports at the time — which have never been denied — indicated that Defence Minister Ezer Weizman had strongly opposed the establishment of the settlement.
Khoury feels that confirmation

Israel loses in sky race as hoopsters fight it out

By AARON SITNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter
Participation in the European Basketball Championships last night cost Israel an honoured spot among the ranks of the world's leaders in continuous space telecommunications.
Since its establishment in July 1972, Israel's ground satellite station at Emek Ha'ela has been one of the busiest in the world despite the country's relatively small size. As a result, the Communications Ministry has allocated adequate resources, including top-notch engineers using such sophisticated means as liquid helium cooling, to keep the facility operating non-stop.
Although for technical reasons unbroken operation is impossible, Israel's expertise in maintaining the station has gained it eighth place within the 130 nations belonging to the Intelsat communications satellite network in the record for continuous disruption-free service.
But last night's game spoiled that record.
To ensure viewers direct, live coverage of the Soviet-Israeli game at Turin, and in colour, Israel had to switch space satellites. The space satellite usually in use was all booked up, nobody ever having dreamt that Israel's hoopsters would make it to the championships.
So Communications Minister Yitzhak Moda'i, after receiving permission from the Intelsat satellite communications consortium in Washington, DC, ordered Emek Ha'ela engineers to lift the station's giant 30-metre across, 180-ton parabolic "saucer" antenna nine degrees westward.
The shift, carried out by means of heavy geared motors, pointed the "saucer" to a neighbouring Intelsat satellite about 7,000 km. from the one normally used. After the game, the antenna was scheduled to be restored to its original position.
"The nudge was only for two hours," a Communications Ministry aide ruefully told The Jerusalem Post last night. "But those two hours — during which all our other satellite communications were rerouted to subterranean cables — have cost us dearly. Alas, we are no longer number eight in the race for unbroken ground-to-space-to-ground international telecommunications."

Katyushas from S. Lebanon damage crops in Galilee

Jerusalem Post Reporter
METULLA. — A number of 122mm Katyusha rockets were fired yesterday by terrorists from the Fatahland area at targets in the Galilee panhandle and the Hula Valley.
There were no casualties, but dozens of windows were shattered, houses were hit by shrapnel and fire caused by the Katyusha explosions burned large areas of pasture and a eucalyptus grove. Agricultural equipment was also damaged in the firing.
The Kiryat Shmona fire brigade quickly arrived on the scene and fought the blaze for more than two hours.

JERUSALEM ANGRY AT NINE

(Continued from page 1)
The EC foreign ministers' statement criticized "certain positions" of the Israeli government as prejudicial to the peace process, and condemned Israeli settlements in the administered areas as illegal. It also branded Israel's claims to the West Bank as a contravention of UN Security Council Resolution 242.
Some Israeli ambassadors in Europe have conveyed their assessments to Jerusalem that the U.S. State Department was closely involved with the drafting of all or part of the EC ministers' statement.
Well-placed sources in Jerusalem, however, tend not to give uncritical credence to the assessment that the U.S. was "behind" the EC statement. "Whenever there is European diplomatic activity relating to the Middle East," the sources pointed out, "the U.S. is involved." But that was not to say that the U.S. necessarily "inspires" such activity.
"The position taken by the EC," Dayan wrote, "can only discourage the negotiations between the parties on all the various issues involved in autonomy and the future of Judea, Samaria and the Gaza district.
" "It had been our hope and expectation that the EC would give its full support to the historic achievement of the Israel-Egypt peace treaty and to the arduous negotiations upon which we are now embarked. However, after the new statement, I can only ask you to weigh most carefully the grave responsibility and consequences of attempts to prejudice and dictate from without the course of negotiations, strengthening the forces and positions committed to their failure and thereby causing irreparable damage to the hopes of peace in the Middle East.
"The Israeli settlements are in our opinion strictly in accord with international law. And we know of no rule or law which could feasibly ban Jews from living in Judea, Samaria and the Gaza district. Not a single Arab has been displaced by these settlements. On the contrary, the establishment of Jewish settlements in these areas has brought with it economic development and additional sources of employment to the Arab inhabitants of these areas.
"Despite the statement of the EC and the many other obstacles in our path, Israel will do its best to continue the negotiations in the hope of achieving an agreement in accordance with the Camp David accords both in letter and in spirit."

Kollek: Project Renewal not city's baby

Jerusalem Post Reporter
Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek dispatched telegrams this week to leaders of five Jewish communities abroad informing them that he is no longer the direct address for their involvement with Jerusalem programmes that are part of Project Renewal — the plan for rehabilitating neighbourhoods around the country in conjunction with communities from abroad.
Kollek sent the telegrams after a meeting with Deputy Prime Minister Yigael Yadin and Housing Minister David Levy in which the mayor was overruled in his attempt to have the municipality be responsible for implementation of the rehabilitation programme in Jerusalem.
In telegrams to leaders of the Los Angeles, Toronto, Baltimore, South African and Swiss communities, Kollek said that the project was a complicated one that required a unified field command. He said that he had proposed that city personnel be appointed project managers because they are most familiar with local problems.
"Our proposal was not accepted as the government insisted in on being involved in the details of implementation as well. We therefore eventually proposed that government alone accept full and exclusive responsibility for implementation of Project Renewal," the telegram read in part.
The municipal spokesman said that the mayor had established personal contacts with leaders of the communities abroad and felt it incumbent on him to inform them directly of the latest development.
Municipal sources are said to be greatly unhappy about Levy's insistence on retaining control of implementation of the rehabilitation program.

Jews have right to settle W. Bank, Begin tells critics

Prime Minister Menahem Begin yesterday asserted the "absolute right" of Jews to live in "all parts of Judea, Samaria and the Gaza District," and accused the PLO of conducting a "genocidal rampage" within Israel.
The premier was replying to the letter he had last weekend by 62 leading American Jews, protesting against his settlement policy.
In his reply Begin was critical of the writers of the letter for releasing the text to the media 24 hours before it reached him.

Arab agencies rapped for pressure on MENA

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
ATHENS. — The International Press Institute yesterday condemned the Federation of Arab News Agencies for their "recommendations" of May 28 inviting Arab countries to close down the offices of the Middle East News Agency of Egypt by the end of this month.
In one of the leading resolutions adopted at the closing session of the IPI's 28th general assembly here, the institute also expressed concern at the pressure exerted by the federation on government ministries, international news agencies and the non-aligned news agency pool to break their contacts with MENA.
The move by the Federation of Arab News Agencies was termed by the IPI as being contrary to the principles of free flow of information, as it allows political considerations to govern the freedom of report of any journalist. It was also particularly concerned by "any case of ostracism by fellow journalists," stating that the federation will have acted to diminish the international flow of news from the Third World should its recommendation be implemented.
Yesterday's resolution followed a fervent appeal to the IPI on Tuesday by Mohammed Gawad, chairman of the board and chief editor of MENA, to take up the case of his news agency which involves "freedom of the press and of man everywhere."
Yesterday's resolution in support of MENA was carried unanimously by the IPI assembly, and Gawad's appeal was termed by a number of delegates as one of the more important issues before the assembly.
Many delegates also commented on the cordial relations between Gawad and the Israeli delegation to the IPI assembly, which was seen as a sign of the new era in the relations between Egypt and Israel.
Summing up the assembly's three-day session, IPI chairman Richard MacDonald of the Melbourne "Age" singled out the report by Ari Rath on the Israeli media in the peace process as an "example that one of our constitutional aims — that of achieving understanding among journalists and so among people — can be fulfilled." The report described the role of Israeli and Egyptian journalists in creating a better understanding between both nations and stressed that the newspapers in Israel exercise freedom of the press in the fullest sense, despite the constraints of emergency situations.
In another resolution, the IPI assembly also urged the Argentine authorities not to restrict any longer the movements of Jacobo Timerman, former editor of "La Opinion," who has been under arrest for over two years without any charges brought against him, and to allow him forthwith to join his family abroad.
The Israel delegation to the IPI assembly comprised Gershon Schocken, editor and publisher of "Ha'aretz"; Dov Yudkovsky, managing editor of "Yedioth Aharonot"; Ari Rath, editor of The Jerusalem Post; and Rabei Dissentshik, whose late husband Arye Dissentshik of "Ma'ariv" was a founding member of IPI.

Monitin dating service owner is released

TEL AVIV. — Yitzhak Yostifov of Ramat Gan, the 40-year-old owner of the Monitin dating service which police claim is a call girl service, was released yesterday by district court judge David Wallach after his attorney claimed there was no reason to hold him.
The Jerusalem Post has learned that Yostifov's partner, Esther Pantol, who was also detained for questioning, will probably appeal the court's decision to detain her. Her attorneys expect her to be released too.
Last Thursday, Tel Aviv vice squad policemen raided the Monitin office, and arrested the two owners.

Jews have right to settle W. Bank, Begin tells critics

Prime Minister Menahem Begin yesterday asserted the "absolute right" of Jews to live in "all parts of Judea, Samaria and the Gaza District," and accused the PLO of conducting a "genocidal rampage" within Israel.
The premier was replying to the letter he had last weekend by 62 leading American Jews, protesting against his settlement policy.
In his reply Begin was critical of the writers of the letter for releasing the text to the media 24 hours before it reached him.

Woman reserves protester released

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — Talporia Benesh, arrested on Tuesday evening for refusing to answer an army reserve summons to report on May 20, was released last night after being given a 14-day suspended prison term. She was also told to report to her unit today to settle "personal matters," but was not told what these were.
Benesh, who was protesting what she terms discrimination against non-religious women, was not told that her mother and many other well-wishers had called to inquire about her welfare. She was held in isolation all day before her release.

In deep sorrow, I announce the passing of my husband
AUREL (Eliaz) AVRAM
Bucharest — Tel Aviv
The funeral will take place today, Thursday, June 21, 1979, leaving at 2.30 p.m. from the Funeral Parlour at 5 Dafna Street, Tel Aviv, for Kiryat Shaul Cemetery
Wife Madelaine

THE KNESSET
The former speaker of the Knesset
YISRAEL YESHAYAHU
will be given a State funeral, the arrangements for which will be as follows:
1. The coffin will be brought to the Knesset plaza on Thursday, June 21, 1979, and the public will be able to pay last respects from 10.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.
2. Service at 3.30 p.m. in the Knesset plaza. The Knesset is inviting a restricted number of public figures and persons who were close to the deceased to attend the funeral.
3. After the service, the funeral will proceed to Mt. Herzl, where the deceased will be buried in the plot for the Interment of leaders of the State.
Because of restrictions of space, those invited to attend the funeral will not be able to travel in private cars — they will be taken in special buses.

THE KNESSET
mourns the death of
YISRAEL YESHAYAHU
former speaker of the Knesset
veteran member, and moulder of its character
a man imbued with the heritage of Judaism and the Zionist vision

No one hurt in poolside blast

Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — A small bomb, apparently planted by terrorists, exploded yesterday near the pool at the Country Club Hotel, north of Tel Aviv.
There were no injuries, although there were about 150 people in and about the pool at the time. The bomb, which was placed in a metal pipe, exploded in a bush about 10 metres from the pool at 1:30 p.m.
Police put up roadblocks after the explosion and rounded up 100 Arabs for questioning. By yesterday evening, all but 10 of those arrested had been released. Police said those still in detention by this morning will be brought before a magistrate today.

With deep regret and sorrow we announce the passing of our dear husband, beloved father, grandfather and brother.
LEON BEZNER
who was taken from us before his time.
The funeral will take place today, Thursday, June 21, 1979, at 8 p.m. at the Savyon cemetery.
The bereaved family
Daughter Ruth
Daughter Ilana and David Reichman and family
Son Michael
Sister Shooshana and Kurt Streusand
Mother-in-law Dr. F. Fulvermacher
and all the family

In deep sorrow we announce the passing of
ZALMAN FONDA
(Shneur Zalman Fondaminsky)
In Melbourne, Australia, on Sunday, June 17, 1979.
Beloved husband of Bertha
Loving father of Elvira Dublin, Victor Fonda, Roma Zoland and Ziona Silver
Fond father-in-law of Warner and Sara
Loving brother of Yosef and Rachel, Yitzhak and Shooshana
Beloved grandfather of Marguerite and Ken, Ronnie, Beverley and Pinhas, Judy and Barry, David and Janette, Barbara, Michelle and Matthew, Martin and Stacy, Judy and Mark
Loving pappa of many great-grandchildren
The funeral will leave the funeral parlour on Rehov Shagar, Jerusalem, at 10 a.m., Friday, June 22, 1979.
Shiva at Fondaminsky residence, 7 Rehov Bezalel, Jerusalem.

At the conclusion of thirty days since the death of our beloved
DAVID H. TARSHANSKY
we will hold a memorial service and unveiling at his grave at the Mount of Olives Cemetery, Jerusalem (opposite the Intercontinental Hotel) on Sunday, June 24, 1979, at 3.00 p.m.
A bus will leave from 65 Rehov Mendes, Kiryat Krintzil, Ramat Gan, at 1.30 p.m.
Naomi and Isaac Tarshansky
Moss Tarshansky
Pearl Tarshansky

In deep sorrow, we announce the passing of our esteemed member
NAT MAIDENBAUM
Vice-President of Mizrahi-Hapoel Hamizrachi of America
His remains will arrive today, Thursday, June 21, 1979 (Shivan 28, 5738) Flight El Al 010 at 2.40 p.m. at Lod. The funeral will leave today at 5 p.m. from the Funeral Parlour, Sanhedria, for Har Hamenuhot, Jerusalem.
Mizrahi-Hapoel Hamizrachi of America
Rabbi Louis Bernstein President
Shraga Cohen Treasurer

In deep sorrow, I announce the passing of my husband
AUREL (Eliaz) AVRAM
Bucharest — Tel Aviv
The funeral will take place today, Thursday, June 21, 1979, leaving at 2.30 p.m. from the Funeral Parlour at 5 Dafna Street, Tel Aviv, for Kiryat Shaul Cemetery
Wife Madelaine

Knesset asks worlds' parliaments: Take in Vietnamese refugees

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN
Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset yesterday unanimously decided to appeal to the world's parliaments to take action aimed at getting their governments to accept refugees from Vietnam.

Here is the text of the resolution, which was presented by Prime Minister Menachem Begin:

"The Knesset has discussed the problem of the 70,000 Vietnamese refugees whom the government of Malaysia has expelled to the open sea. This is a human tragedy that must be prevented without delay.

"In the name of a nation that in this generation has experienced the most terrible of all holocausts, the Knesset calls upon all parliaments to take action towards the acceptance and absorption of the Vietnamese refugees.

"If every country makes the necessary effort, this human problem will be solved quickly and positively. Needless to say, the State of Israel will continue to make its contribution. Let us not stand aside in the face of the danger that awaits tens of thousands of men, women and children."

The matter was raised in the Knesset in motions for the agenda presented by seven members: Mordechai Virshupski (Shal), Tamar Eshel (Alignment), Yehuda Ben-Meir (National Religious Party), Uri Avnery (Sheli), Dov Shilansky (Likud), Akiva Nof (Democratic Movement), and Gideon Hausner (Independent Liberals).

In his reply, the prime minister opposed a proposal for the convening of a world conference to discuss the

problem. Such a conference was superfluous, he said.

Begin said that on Tuesday he had written to 48 prime ministers, U.S. President Jimmy Carter, and the UN High Commissioner for Refugees in Geneva. As a Jew, he wrote them, he could not forget the Evian and Bermuda conferences, which had failed to save the life of a single Jewish child.

The Vietnamese refugees, including many children, his letter continued, might meet their deaths before the proposed conference even convened.

In Geneva, a UN official yesterday welcomed Begin's proposal.

"UNHCR officials appreciate Mr. Begin's proposals as they welcome any constructive proposal in the current crisis situation," the spokesman said.



Some of the 200 members of the Zolach (a Hebrew acronym for Zionists For Equality) during their demonstration at Television House in Jerusalem yesterday. The organization is protesting the screening of a series of programmes about the history of Zionism, which they say gives far less than due recognition to the efforts of Jews from Arab-speaking countries to form and build the state. The demonstrators met with Broadcasting Authority chairman Reuven Yaaron, authority director Yosef Lapid and the series' producer Yigal Losan. Yaaron agreed to many of the demands presented by Zolach but refused to change the team which is making the series. (Elharar, Zoom 77)

New members may cause problems in Israel-EEC ties

Post Knesset Reporter

Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan said yesterday that the broadening of the European Community by the admission of Greece, Portugal and Spain will create both economic and political problems for Israel.

He was replying to a motion for the agenda by Abba Eban (Alignment), who said that while the entry of those three countries to the EC was a good thing in itself, it might adversely affect "the balance of benefits and interests" laid down in the 1976 agreement between Israel and the EC.

Dayan said that Israel's chief concern was that its fresh and processed agricultural produce should have full and free access to the EC countries, and that the right of its industrial goods to compete for customers would not be harmed as a

result of the entry of the new members.

The most serious problems would be caused, "of course," Dayan said, by the entry of Spain, with whom Israel does not have diplomatic relations. Israel is discussing this matter not only with the EC's official bodies, but also with each of the member nations.

Dayan said there will be another meeting of an Israel and an EC delegation in Brussels next week, and Israel will again put forward its demands.

"Politically," he said, Spain's recognition of Israel and the establishment of full diplomatic ties are now necessary. It is also necessary to raise our ties with Greece to the ambassadorial level. And Portugal, too, must establish an embassy in Israel, Dayan said.

Hard times ahead for Ronnie Millo

By ASHER WALLFISH
Post Knesset Reporter

The new chairman of the Knesset Aliya Committee, Ronnie Millo (Likud), is in for a hard time. He will be elected next Tuesday to replace Gula Cohen, who loses the chair because she left the Herut party.

Millo is in for a hard time because of reservations in various quarters about his fitness for the chairmanship; because the membership of the committee is rather amorphous; and because the Alignment people on the body plan to behave coolly towards him, albeit correctly, they claim.

Millo was named for the job by the Herut wing of the Likud in a secret ballot in which he beat the other candidate, Yosef Rom, by nine votes to six. In a general mobilization by the backers of Millo and Rom, even Herut ministers were hauled in for the vote.

His critics say that Millo, at 30, is too young for the job and too inexperienced. This is his first Knesset. Some carpers say that he only got ahead in the party because he is a relative of Prime Minister Menachem Begin.

Millo's aggressive posture in the plenum has got up the backs of the Alignment faction. Mapam's Chizka Grossman, who was always active in the committee, has already chided Millo publicly and warned him that she would resign from the committee if he did not play by the rules of the game.

Two more Alignment MKs on the committee, Shoshana Arbell and Uri Baran, have said that the chairmanship requires a more authoritative personality than Millo's. Gula Cohen and Moshe Shamir, both very active in the past, have lost their seats on the committee for quitting the party. Hillel Seidel (Likud-Adud) says he is too busy with other committees. Shmuel Rechtman (Likud) is in prison. Three other Committee members — Shlomo Eliahu (DM), Charlie Biton (DFP) and Benzion Rubin (NRP) — never attend.

Flomin: Histadrut can pay pensions

Post Knesset Reporter

Deputy Finance Minister Yeheskel Flomin said yesterday that there is no immediate danger that the poor financial condition of the Histadrut pension funds will keep them from meeting their obligations.

Replying in the Knesset to a motion for the agenda by Meir Cohen (Likud-Herut), Flomin said, however, that rumors regarding the funds' precarious position had led the government to speed up the preparation of a national pension law.

Cohen said that the funds' obligations to pensioners were rising more rapidly than their capital. If they managed to survive at all, they would have to take drastic measures, such as increasing insurance premiums and reducing the pension rate from 70 per cent of the pensioner's final monthly wage to 50 or even 45 per cent, Cohen asserted.

Only frozen chicken, milk missing from J'lem shops

By AARON SITTNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Milk and frozen poultry were about the only two basic food items in short supply in Jerusalem yesterday, a check by The Jerusalem Post indicated.

Despite threats from farmer organizations to curtail deliveries of "many commodities" to press their demand for a halt to government subsidies on frozen beef, there was no apparent shortage of eggs, cheeses, fruits and vegetables, and freshly slaughtered poultry.

Yitzhak Gutman, secretary of the capital's Commerce Federation, told The Jerusalem Post: "We hope the situation does not deteriorate."

Fresh-frozen chicken, once a novelty here, has become a staple, and housewives feel the shortage very strongly. The fowl are cleaned, salt-koshered and ready for the pot — and are priced at about IL40 a kilo.

"With these birds now rare, housewives are having to revert to fresh chicken, still warm from the butcher's bin. These cost IL35 or so a kilo ready for cooking, and IL45 a kilo with feathers, skin and all the offal."

He added that distribution of frozen imported beef to Jerusalem butchers is made once a week — on Tuesday — and that the usual quantity of beef had been bought by butchers this week.

Sharon: Jordan Rift vital to defence of Jerusalem

By ARYEH RUBINSTEIN
Post Knesset Reporter

Agriculture Minister Ariel Sharon set an opportunity yesterday to emphasize the security importance of settlements beyond the Green Line. He was replying in the Knesset to a motion for the agenda by Amos Hadar (Alignment) on the need to "beef up" the Jordan Rift settlements.

Sharon said that the moment the government decides that settlement is the primary national goal, it will be possible to fill in the gaps in all areas of settlement, including the Jordan Rift.

"The Jordan Rift," said Sharon, is Israel's defence line on the eastern front, "a front that is not to be changed its nature without prior warning." Moreover, he said, whoever holds the Jordan Rift holds the key to the defence of Jerusalem.

He added: "Just as he who holds the Golan Heights holds the key to the defence of Tiberias and Galilee, and to Israel's water sources. And just as he who holds Eilat Moreh, Tapuah, Ariel and Kedumim holds the key to the defence of the coastal plain."

It was Sharon's first speech in the Knesset since the rambunctious session last Wednesday, when during his reply to motions on Eilat Moreh

he traded insults with the opposition. His appearance yesterday was without incident. Although Sharon was interrupted half a dozen times, both sides seemed to have made up their minds to restrain themselves.

Hadar called for the allocation of additional resources to the Jordan Rift settlements, and to "create facts" in the area. It is an area not populated by Arabs, Hadar said, and the land is uncultivated.

"I am not prepared to torpedo the negotiations with Egypt in order to realize our 'historic rights' to Eilat Moreh," Hadar said. "But if our firm resolve to hold onto the Jordan Rift torpedoes peace with Egypt, then let it be torpedoed at once. This is something we cannot do."

Sharon said there are now 26 settlements in the Jordan Rift, with a population of about 1,800. Eight more settlements are scheduled to be built there this year, and the plans call for 50 settlements in all, he stated.

If a larger budget were available, the government would try harder to beef up the existing Jordan Rift settlements and establish new ones, Sharon said.

The motion was referred to the Economic Committee, over the opposition of the Communists and Sheli.

New blood equipment at Rambam Hospital

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — Rambam Hospital has been given a new unit for instant cell separation and blood processing.

Called "Hemonetics-30," the instrument allows immediate use of donated blood components, such as plasma, hemoglobin and leucocytes, obviating lengthy laboratory work.

Pa'il says Begin plays to gallery

Post Knesset Reporter

Sheli's Meir Pa'il yesterday accused Premier Menachem Begin of allegedly showing off from the plenum chamber, for the benefit of the public in the gallery. He described the alleged behaviour as "Bonapartism."

In a letter to House Committee chairman Yitzhak Berman, Pa'il said that Begin walked into the plenum chamber yesterday, waved to the public sitting behind the bullet-proof glass in the gallery above, and then bowed as the visitors' applause.

This practice should be prevented, Pa'il wrote. He noted that he wrote a similar letter to Speaker Yitzhak Shamir 11 months ago, complaining about Begin playing to the gallery and soliciting applause.

Under the rules, Pa'il said, ushers and guards have ejected applauders in the past.

Moonman fights freeze on UK pensions

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Former British MP Eric Moonman, who is also chairman of the British Zionist Federation, will meet with his country's secretary of state for health and social services within two weeks about a discriminatory British pension practice used against dozens of olim living outside the Green Line.

Moonman told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that he has begun investigating complaints by former Britons living in Jerusalem's Ramat

Jewish Agency Assembly next week

Some 500 members and observers from Jewish communities in more than 30 countries will gather in Jerusalem next week to attend the eighth Jewish Agency Assembly. It starts Sunday.

The key issues that will occupy the week-long meetings are immigration and absorption; the drop-out rate among those emigrating from the Soviet Union with exit visas good for travel to Israel only; housing; community responsibility for immigration; and alima from sensitive areas. The members will also consider the matter of regarding the appropriate activities in Israel.

Prime Minister Menachem Begin will address sessions of the assembly, and Arye Dulzin, chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, will give the keynote address.

MKs warned Israeli youth learn bad habits from them

By ASHER WALLFISH
Post Knesset Reporter

One of the country's top educators told Knesset members yesterday that since the nation — and above all its youth — take their example from the Knesset, they had only themselves to blame for the decline in public behaviour.

The occasion was a festive session of the Knesset Education Committee in honour of the winners of the Israel Prize. The rebuke came from one of the prize winners, Dr. Baruch Ben-Yehuda, the octogenarian farmer principal of the Gymnazia Herzliya in Tel Aviv.

Dr. Ben-Yehuda said: "The Knesset members are corrupting our youth. They are setting a bad educational example. The youth follow the interruptions in the debate, instead of the views expressed by the speakers."

He said that the MKs teach how to shout other people down and how to abuse the dignity of the house. They teach how to express anger and hatred.

Dr. Ben-Yehuda said the only way was to prohibit interruptions altogether in the plenum.

Nazareth thirsty as Mekorot closes taps

HAIFA — Nazareth residents yesterday filled up wells and tubs with water before Mekorot cut off the city's water supply.

Mekorot said it had turned off the tap in the morning because the Nazareth municipality has not paid the IL1.75m. bill for water supplied to the town since January. The lack of water was particularly difficult for the town because of the heat yesterday.

Katz: Negev building to cut 'invisible unemployment'

Post Knesset Reporter

The thousands of workers that will be needed in the Negev because of the redeployment of military facilities now in Sinai will provide an opportunity to do away with "invisible unemployment" — the phenomenon of workers who get paid for doing nothing — Labour and Social Affairs Minister Israel Katz asserted on Tuesday.

He was surveying the activities of his ministry in the context of the budget debate in the Knesset.

Katz said that some 35,000 new workers would be needed in the Negev in the next two years — in industry, construction and transportation.

The ministry's vocational training department was already making preparations for the training or retraining of the workers who will be needed, Katz said. Through the Institute of Technological Training, it would intensify the training of non-qualified engineers and technicians; the number of such trainees would be increased to 18,000 from some 9,000 in 1978.

Katz said there were disturbing signs of growing inequality in the distribution of income between employed workers. The trend was still in its beginning, and immediate measures should be taken to stop it. The main action called for here was the improvement of the situation of 200,000 elderly persons and invalids who are in the lowest income sectors, and large families.

In the debate, three Alignment speakers charged the minister with not having accomplished anything noteworthy in his almost two years in office. All he had done, according to Shoshana Arbell, was to undermine the Histadrut and its authority. Yeheskel Zakai thought Katz' performance so disappointing as to warrant his resignation. And Ora Nahir asked what the minister was doing about the rising number of hard-core juvenile delinquents.

Childhood seminar at Mt. Carmel centre

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA — Some 57 participants from 35 developing and developed countries are participating in an international seminar on childhood, culture and community at the Mt. Carmel International Training Centre here.

The 10-day seminar, which began on Sunday, is being held in honour of the 1979 International Year of the Child.

Galilee outposts to be ready next month

Jerusalem Post Staff

MA'ALOT — The Jewish National Fund will complete work on the 30 Galilee mizrim (settlement outposts) started in February by next month, JNF chairman Moshe Rivlin told a special session of the Zionist General Council, which was held here yesterday.

Rivlin said the 32 Galilee hill settlements — most of which will be of the moshav type — need 1,400 new housing units to ensure their future. The JNF will build the homes when it gets the orders, but needs a bigger budget to continue its Galilee development without interruption, Rivlin said.

Galilee adventure park honours W. Australia

Jerusalem Post Staff

WESTERN Australia's premier, Sir Charles Court, yesterday paid wazhul tribute to the Jewish National Fund's work in land reclamation through afforestation. He was speaking at the dedication of an adventure park in the Ein Zeitim forest near Safad.

The park, established to honour the state's 150th anniversary, was donated by the Jewish community in Western Australia.

JNF chairman Moshe Rivlin said Israel and Australia have much in common: the pioneering spirit, a love of nature and the conquest of the desert. "This park is a tribute to the friendship between our two countries," he said.

Canadian minister: Arab move 'blackmail'

OTTAWA (Reuter). — A Canadian government minister yesterday described as blackmail a decision by the Arab Monetary Fund (AMF) to boycott Canadian banks.

The Abu Dhabi-based AMF announced the move on Tuesday because of the new Canadian government's plan to shift its embassy from Tel Aviv to Jerusalem. The AMF said that it had withdrawn all its deposits from Canadian banks.

There was no official government reaction here, but Immigration Minister Ron Atkey told the Canadian Press news agency that he was appalled by the way some people appear to be panic-stricken by "externally imposed blackmail."

total prize fund
IL11,732,000
first prize
IL2,000,000

mifal hapayis

IDF ombudsman gets fewer complaints

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — In the past year, 9,700 complaints were filed with the army ombudsman, a few hundred less than in the previous year. A 10,000-complaint-a-year average has remained steady for some years, but in view of the tremendous expansion of the army, this "is a very good sign," ombudsman Rav-Aluf (res.) Haim Laskov told the Haifa Rotary Club yesterday.

About one-quarter of the complaints were found justified, a similar number unjustified, and the rest were of a technical nature, he said. The complaints came in about equal parts from enlisted men, regular army men, reservists and soldiers' families.

Although the ombudsman has no enforcement authority, the chief of staff has ordered that all his recommendations be carried out, Laskov said.

Laskov drew a picture of the average Israeli soldier, as seen through his complaints:

He comes to the army after his character has been formed by home, school and youth movements. It's difficult, during his three years of service, for his instructors — barely older than himself — to change him.

"He does not drink, and usually refrains from violence in dealing with civilians, even in the territories. He is a decent man and considers war the worst evil, but (believes) that we must win or go under."

Laskov said.

"He believes he can learn the whole art of warfare in one day, he is very egalitarian and has no consideration for rank. He accepts hard work willingly, but his appearance leaves much to be desired," he concluded.

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P.B.S

Thais fear Viets may cross border

BANGKOK (UPI) — A large tank-supported Vietnamese force inside Cambodia yesterday was reported moving toward the Thai border and the Thai government has ordered a military alert. Thai military sources said.

It was feared that the Vietnamese were planning an incursion into Thailand to clear out more than 40,000 Khmer Rouge soldiers and civilians camped in the border area, they said.

One high-ranking source said that any incursion by the Vietnamese, even if only aimed at the Khmer Rouge, would be resisted by Thai forces.

"We will fight to protect our territorial integrity," he said.

Other sources said that the Vietnamese force — a full division of about 30,000 men with tanks, heavy weapons and mobile anti-aircraft guns — was moving towards two points on the border.

The reinforcements included armoured elements of Thailand's 1st cavalry division, the sources said.

In one area, opposite Bang Nam Hawn district 25 km. from Bangkok more than 40,000 Khmer Rouge soldiers and their followers are camped on the Thai side of the border.

The other area, just south of Aranyaprathet, 235 km. east of Bangkok is close to the scene of skirmishing between the Vietnamese and the Khmer Rouge over the past two weeks.

Thai soldiers stationed in the area said that Khmer Rouge soldiers sometimes fled into now-depopulated Thai border areas to regroup after battles in Cambodia. On June 14, Vietnamese artillery shelled a group of Khmer Rouge soldiers on the Thai side of the border, they said. Seven were seriously wounded with an unknown number left dead at the scene, the soldiers said.

Vietnamese troops and artillery have been stationed close to the Thai border since March when they began a large-scale offensive to clear out the Khmer Rouge resistance from the lowlands of western Cambodia. Thai border forces have been steadily reinforced since then and have remained at least on partial alert.

But Thai military sources said it was the first time such a large Vietnamese force has come so close to the border and said it could mean the start of the long-feared border crossing in pursuit of the Khmer Rouge.

8th bomb suspect arrested by Germans

BERLIN (AP) — Police detained a German national of Lebanese origin on Tuesday, the eighth suspect in an abortive bomb attack on West Berlin oil storage tanks allegedly planned by the Palestine Liberation Organization.

City justice authorities said they had asked Interpol, the international police organization, to help them find the PLO's chief for attacks abroad, who allegedly smuggled 12 kilos of a highly explosive substance into the divided city for the plot.

They identified the wanted man only as Abu T., the last suspect still missing and who, they said, was the head of the PLO's "Group 17." Abu T. entered West Berlin via the East German airport, Schoenefeld and handed the explosives to the Lebanese suspect, who they said hid it in a railway station locker.

The unidentified suspect, a Berlin municipality employee, allegedly knew what the explosives were for, a statement said. He was detained at his place of work, bringing the number of PLO suspects under arrest to eight, it said.

Botha visits London for talks on Namibia

LONDON (AP) — South African Foreign Minister Rieff Botha arrived here yesterday for a meeting at which top British officials are expected to make a new bid to break the impasse on Namibia (South West Africa).

Botha, who was scheduled to leave last night for West Germany, went straight from London's Heathrow Airport to confer with South African officials here.

He was scheduled to meet British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington and the foreign affairs spokesman in the House of Commons, Sir Ian Gilmour.

A Foreign Office spokesman said that the meeting was to be a continuation of talks on the UN plan for an internationally acceptable settlement in the South African-controlled territory of Namibia.



BATHING. — Aerial view taken on Tuesday shows cars hoping to buy petrol from station at bottom of picture lined up in queue that goes all the way up New York's 44th Street at left, around 11th Avenue at top, and back down 46th Street at right. Petrol rationing — permitting each motorist to buy only every other day — went into effect in New York State and neighbouring Connecticut yesterday and was due to take effect in New Jersey today. (AP radiophoto)

No verdicts yet in Thorpe case

LONDON (AP) — The jury in the Jeremy Thorpe murder conspiracy trial spent six hours deliberating yesterday without reaching a verdict, and retired to a hotel for the night. They were to resume deliberations at 9:30 this morning.

The jury of nine men and three women at London's Old Bailey central criminal court went out to consider its verdict at 9:55 a.m. yesterday on the sixth day of the trial of the former Liberal Party leader.

Thorpe and three co-defendants are charged with conspiracy to murder Norman Scott, a former male model, in the claims he once was

Thorpe's homosexual lover. The prosecution alleges that Thorpe and the others plotted to kill Scott out of fear that Scott's disclosures would ruin the politicians' career.

Thorpe resigned as Liberal Party leader in 1976 because of the scandal. But he had consistently denied having had homosexual relations with Scott, or conspiring to kill him.

The other defendants, David Holmes, John Le Mesurier and George Deskin, also pleaded innocent.

Last month, with the trial hanging over him, Thorpe lost the parliamentary seat in north Devon that he had held for 20 years.

ADVT.

Buyers' Guide Shops and Services in Jerusalem

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Protect your teeth

Because of the high price of dentistry in Israel and the acute shortage of dentists, thousands of Israelis are suffering from premature teeth problems. You can prevent this and make sure that your children keep smiling with their own teeth for many years to come. The answer is Water Pik Jet Spray. This unique spray flushes out all the loose debris from the parts of your mouth that cannot be reached by a toothbrush. It takes only 90 seconds to use and is very pleasant and refreshing. It leaves your mouth feeling clean and sparkling, your gums feeling invigorated. Together with the Water Pik Electric Toothbrush, the Jet Spray will give you the teeth protection you need. Other products in the Water Pik range of health products include the Water Pik Water Purifier, Shower Massage, Smoke Alarm and the One Step at a Time anti-smoking filters. Water Pik's sole agent in Israel is on the 2nd Floor, Clal Centre, Tel. 244586 but all Water Pik products are available from better pharmacies and health shops.

Party Time

Here's a great idea for your child's birthday party. Take the kids to the Clal Centre for a wonderful time and wonderful ice creams that are unbeatable in Jerusalem. They will lay on an ice cream spread that the children will remember for a long, long time. Or pop in first and sample some yourself. They're open from 8 a.m. to midnight and on Sat. nights. Tel. 247872 for details.

Water Pik

Water Pik is a new dimension in interior decoration. It is ideal for homes, offices, institutions... in fact wherever there's a sunlit in summer helping to keep rooms cool and comfortable. Solaroid has a large choice of beautiful designs in colours that are dark, bright, or neutral. It's dirt resistant and easy to clean. They're made of 100% cotton coated with vinyl. You can order Solaroid Roller Blinds to your own specifications. They are easy to install and you can adjust them to any height with fingertip control. Also available: black-out blinds for dark-rooms, schools, factories, etc. and projection screens. Change your house into a beautiful home with Solaroid. Jerusalem: 23 Hillier St., Tel. 233443. Tel. Aviv: 232 Dizengoff, Tel. 441178.

Tasty health foods

Modern technology is taking a lot of the vitamins and minerals out of the food we consume daily. That's why it's so important to eat a health food shop like Ha'adama. Jerusalem's oldest and most experienced. They have more than 200 tasty health food items and a large selection of health books in English. For the sake of your health visit Ha'adama, 4 Bezalet St. Tel. 246608. P.S. The shop is air-conditioned to beat the heat. Open all day continuously.

Solaroid

Solaroid is a new dimension in interior decoration. It is ideal for homes, offices, institutions... in fact wherever there's a sunlit in summer helping to keep rooms cool and comfortable. Solaroid has a large choice of beautiful designs in colours that are dark, bright, or neutral. It's dirt resistant and easy to clean. They're made of 100% cotton coated with vinyl. You can order Solaroid Roller Blinds to your own specifications. They are easy to install and you can adjust them to any height with fingertip control. Also available: black-out blinds for dark-rooms, schools, factories, etc. and projection screens. Change your house into a beautiful home with Solaroid. Jerusalem: 23 Hillier St., Tel. 233443. Tel. Aviv: 232 Dizengoff, Tel. 441178.

Shul's Gift Shop

Here's something new in the Central Hotel lobby, Davida Sq. You'll find a beautiful selection of gold and silver jewellery, souvenirs, novelties and miscellaneous gift items, all at popular prices. Pop in and see for yourself! Shul's gift shop.

Make your own clothes

At Shuly Badim, you'll find a beautiful range of imported dress materials at reasonable prices. Fit, fabric and "Simplicity" patterns to help you make your own really smart clothes at a fraction of the cost of clothes you can buy. Plus, friendly advice and helpful service that makes shopping at Shuly Badim a real pleasure. You'll find them at 4 Shmuel Hanagid St., near the Bezalel Art School. Pop in.

Hi-Fidelity Sound

There's more to Hi-Fidelity stereo equipment than you realize, and there's one person in Jerusalem who knows what it's all about. All the sound Engineering Laboratory will advise you on how to set up the best possible sound system in your home, with equipment to match the room it's going into — at a price you can afford. All also designs and installs professional equipment in studios and laboratories. He is Jerusalem's sole agent for Goodman's Speakers and Sennheiser professional equipment. If it's really good sound you're after, there's only one place to go. Alfi, 1 Hagidim St., Tel. 232106.

Shul's Gallery and Framing

With a collection of 1500 to 2000 paintings, you can get a beautiful picture for your home or office. Some are by famous artists, but you can also get a picture by a local artist. Shul's Gallery has a large selection of paintings by local artists. They are of various styles and subjects. You can also get a picture by a local artist. They are of various styles and subjects. You can also get a picture by a local artist. They are of various styles and subjects.

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Dog House

You can go on a dog walk with your dog. There are many dog houses in Jerusalem. You can go on a dog walk with your dog. There are many dog houses in Jerusalem. You can go on a dog walk with your dog. There are many dog houses in Jerusalem.

Israel Hirsch

Is Jerusalem's authorized agent for many international sewing machines. He also has many years of experience in the service and repair of all sewing machines. If you're looking for a new machine or you would like your old one looked after, contact Israel Hirsch, 23 Straus St., Tel. 234613.

Protect your car...

...from the summer sun and intense heat. says Len Shuster, the friendly American. Len says that a good quality white outside cover is one way to do it. Other items at his auto accessory shop, Solomons, 24a Agon St., near the U.S. Consulate, are Silicone Spray (prevents dashboard cracking and rubber drying out) wax, front and rear sun screens. And Len can apply his own sun blocking strips to prevent glare when driving. Cotton seat covers and "cool seats" also keep seats cool. For friendly, helpful service and advice visit Len and his wife Toby at Solomons Auto Accessories (one location only) Tel. 249222, Jerusalem. Luggage racks are also a Solomons speciality. Write or call for mail orders.

Carpet Care

Do you have a good carpet that needs to be repaired, cleaned or renovated? Don't take chances. Take it to Bakshi Bros. Carpet Care Centre where they specialize in all aspects of carpet care. Fix them and they will pick up and deliver free of charge or do the job in your own home. Carpet Care Centre believes that the care of carpets is an art, so you can trust them to do a good job. 6 Adomiyahu Hachosen St., Tel. 281962.

Constitutional compromise seen likely for Iran

TEHRAN (UPI) — Top-secret talks between Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini and three of the most influential religious leaders of Qom have headed off a constitutional crisis which threatened to divide hundreds of thousands of their followers, religious sources said yesterday.

businessmen, Shariatmadari yesterday indicated he was dropping his insistence on an elected assembly and would accept official proposals for a 76-member council of examiners, as long as they were expert and competent, to approve a new constitution.

The meeting brought Khomeini together with Ayatollah Sayed Kazem Shariatmadari, main critic of his formula for the promulgation of Iran's new constitution, and the Ayatollahs Najafi Marashi and Mohammed Reza Golpaygani.

The losers, if a constitutional settlement is confirmed, will be not only the secular parties, but also the ethnic minorities who hope for a measure of autonomy under the new constitution. The minorities, Kurds, Turkomans and Baluchis, all living in border areas, have stated that they will hold out for regional rights. They have also objected to a clause in the draft charter which names the Shia sect of Islam as the state religion of Iran — they are mostly Sunnis.

The constitutional controversy pitted followers of the religious leaders against each other. Shariatmadari's followers in the Islamic Democratic Republican Party threatened last week to stage massive protest rallies if its leaders were not accepted.

Shariatmadari also has a large following in volatile west Iran and among democrats and intellectuals critical of Khomeini's plan.

In a private letter to bazaar

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Uganda president resigns after government rifts

KAMPALA — President Yusufu Lule resigned yesterday and political sources said former attorney-general Godfrey Binaisa was named to succeed him, as Ugandan factions struggled to keep their provisional government together two months after they united to oust dictator Idi Amin.

Support for reinstating former president Obote comes largely from his own Langi tribesmen and the Acholi tribe in northern Uganda. Lule's cabinet is dominated by Baganda. The Consultative Council includes prominent Acholi and Langi.

The sources said Binaisa, a politically conservative, pro-western figure, would be sworn in later yesterday, on the steps of Kampala's Government Building. Binaisa, exiled during the Amin years, had been practicing law in New York City.

Lule, a retiring personality who had remained silent during years of exile in Britain, was chosen as a compromise president at a meeting of about 25 anti-Amin factions in Tanzania in March, less than three weeks before Tanzanian and Ugandan exile forces pushed Amin out of Kampala.

The dispute between Lule, a 68-year-old former university head and Commonwealth administrator, and his opponents focused on two rounds of ministerial appointments made by Lule this month to expand his cabinet to 24 from 15 men. Members of the 30-man National Consultative Council, a temporary legislature that also claims supreme policy-making powers within the coalition, complained that Lule did not clear the appointments with them.

Binaisa, 59, is a Baganda, like Lule. But acquaintances described him yesterday as only loosely bound by tribal and factional ties. Binaisa was trained in law in Britain. British authorities later detained him temporarily as a result of his agitation for independence during the colonial period. He served as attorney-general under Obote.

Observers said the appointments as a way of countering support for former president Milton Obote, who is trying to make a political comeback.

In his resignation statement, Lule said, "One of the difficulties has been centered on the appointment to ministerial posts in our government. These appointments have not pleased everybody."

Behind the feuding lay tribal, regional and ideological differences. Lule, a conservative, is a member of Uganda's largest tribe, the Baganda, who, until Amin, provided most of the country's top civil servants and businessmen.

Unidentified assailants killed a UN driver in Kampala on Tuesday night, one of the worst nights of violence since Tanzanian troops entered the capital two months ago. The man was identified as Y. Maelira, a Ugandan. Rifle and machinegun fire was heard all over the city throughout the night. (AP, UPI)

Rebels surround government troops in east Afghanistan

PESHAWAR, Pakistan (Reuter) — Rebels have encircled government forces in eastern Afghanistan with the capture of a strategic mountain top only a few kilometres from a provincial capital, Afghan rebel spokesmen said yesterday.

Rebels diverted a stream over the Khost airstrip, the spokesmen said. The road linking Khost to Gardes was cut several weeks ago. The rebels are hoping to capture Khost for its stores of weapons and ammunition.

They said Moslem tribesmen fighting a holy war against the pro-communist government in Kabul inflicted heavy casualties when they drove troops from the mountain and opened the way to the city of Gardes, in Pakia province.

The fighting in Afghanistan started soon after the pro-Moscow regime seized power in a coup more than a year ago. It has affected more than half of Afghanistan's 25 provinces but appears to be centered mainly among the Pathans near the border with Pakistan.

Rebels are also surrounding at least three military garrisons in the province. The spokesmen said they beat off an attempt to relieve the town of Logar by a force sent in from neighbouring Ghazni province. According to the unconfirmed reports, they killed several hundred soldiers and destroyed several armoured carriers.

Diplomats in Kabul feel that the rebels are unable to coordinate a concentrated attack on an urban centre and that President Nur Mohammed Tarraki's regime is waiting for next winter, when the mountain snows will probably hamper the guerrilla movement.

Another garrison at Khost is being supplied by parachute drop after

Manarville in Washington, the Senate passed legislation forbidding all further U.S. aid to Afghanistan until the Kabul government apologizes for the death of U.S. ambassador Adolph Dubs, who was kidnapped last February in Kabul and killed in an exchange of gunfire between his abductors and Afghan police.

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Somoza troops advance into Nicaragua rebel stronghold

MANAGUA (UPI) — Moving to the offensive, President Anastasio Somoza's elite troops wrestled Sandinista guerrillas for control of eastern Managua yesterday.

are highly trained in guerrilla warfare. The National Guard said in a communique that the 1,900 government troops of the "Somoza battalions" and the basic infantry training school battalion were driving toward the rebel headquarters located next to a school where some 7,000 refugees had taken shelter.

Two of Somoza's best infantry battalions, led by cannon-firing British Staghound mini-tanks, tried to drive the Sandinistas from the crowded eastern section of the capital, declared "Free Managua" by the rebels 11 days earlier.

The troops, who began a long-expected counter-offensive on Tuesday, moved in behind the mini-tanks to fight their way through working-class housing projects in sometimes house-to-house fighting.

The Sandinistas were believed to have 300 tough "tactical unit" members and 300 young volunteers in the zone, armed with Chinese RPG shoulder-mounted rocket launchers, mortars, heavy machine guns and rifle grenades.

At Sandinista-held Leon, 88 km. northwest of Managua, where the police and a revolutionary municipal council were organized on Tuesday, the National Guard threw a thin line across the southern road to head off any attempt of a guerrilla march toward Managua. (UPI, Reuter)

The latest move by Somoza's troops appeared to be an attempt to keep open Managua airport which is near the "El Dorado" slum occupied by the guerrillas. The two battalions

are highly trained in guerrilla warfare. The National Guard said in a communique that the 1,900 government troops of the "Somoza battalions" and the basic infantry training school battalion were driving toward the rebel headquarters located next to a school where some 7,000 refugees had taken shelter.

S. African cops fined for strict morality

PRETORIA (Reuter) — Five policemen were found guilty yesterday of trespass for breaking into a white woman's flat and photographing her semi-naked as she tried to prove she was breaking South Africa's morality laws by sleeping with an Indian.

The case aroused wide publicity in South Africa — especially after newspapers published the police photographs showing the shocked woman sitting up in bed alone. Her friend, a dark-skinned man who turned out to be white, was asleep in the lounge of the apartment along with another white man when the police kicked in the door.

jerusalem proms '79

Gala Concert Evening of Viennese Music

At the Jerusalem Theatre, Saturday evening, June 23, 1979 at 9:00 p.m.

with: JERUSALEM SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA, IBA RUDOLF BUCHBINDER — piano JANOS STARKER — cello ROBIN WEISEL-CAPSUTO — soprano

Conductor: GEORGE SINGEE (who has graciously consented to replace Conductor Andre Kostelanetz, who was taken ill).

Programme: Mozart — Eine Kleine Nachtmusik, K525 Mozart — Concerto No. 21 in G-Major for Piano and Orchestra, K451 (Elvira Madigan) Mozart — Aria, "Deh Vieni Non Tardar" from "Le Nozze Di Figaro" Haydn — Concerto in D-Major for Cello and Orchestra, Op. 102 Johann Strauss — Die Fledermaus, Overture and Carols Johann Strauss — Valse

Before the Concert, at 8:00 p.m., in the Theatre piazza: Prelude — The Unknown Country Band in American folk songs. After the Concert, in the foyer: Baroque Nostalgia, "Invitation to the Dance". Audience invited to wait for the strains of the orchestra. Jerusalem Theatre buffet will offer choice Viennese pastries.

Tickets available at Jerusalem Theatre box office, 28 Bebay Marcus, Jerusalem (Tel. 027167), 6:00-8:00 p.m., Odeon, Carle-De and Radio-Union ticket agencies in Tel Aviv.

DC-10s airborne from Europe, Brazil

LONDON — European airlines put their DC-10 jets back into service on Tuesday after a meeting Monday at which 18 European airlines and 21 aviation authorities agreed on special maintenance procedures designed to prevent further defects of the type blamed for the May 25 crash that killed 273 people in Chicago.

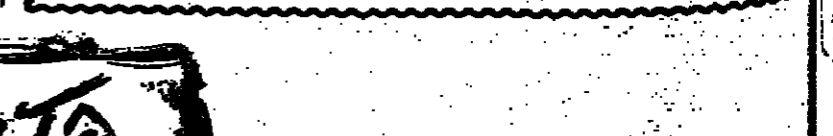
First DC-10 flights out of London were training flights, but a Laker Airways DC-10 passenger flight was announced for yesterday afternoon. A Swissair DC-10 flight arrived at Lod on Tuesday with 116 passengers aboard. Company officials said that none of the passengers had expressed any anxiety about the flight's safety.

In Holland, a Martinair flight took off for Majorca with 349 passengers aboard its DC-10 craft — they were given a champagne send-off. The U.S. Federal Aviation Administration has still not lifted the ban on DC-10 flights imposed two weeks ago, though it has given permission for the planes to fly over American airspace.

Among European countries that have lifted the flight ban are Britain, Italy, France, Spain, Denmark, Norway, Finland, East Germany, Holland and Switzerland.

Varig Brazilian Airlines, Latin America's largest air carrier, also joined the European companies yesterday and put its five DC-10s back into service on regular routes to Europe, the Middle East, Africa and Latin America.

Australia's Transport Minister Peter Nixon said yesterday that his country had "a thorny problem" in deciding whether to allow DC-10s to land. He was speaking after a meeting with U.S. officials who he said, were still worried that there might be a structural weakness in the engine-mounting pylon of the DC-10. (UPI, AP)





Hebrew University batsman Jeremy Kark is run out despite a desperate sprint for home in a local club cricket match played last year. The other batsman is Jerrold Kessel.

(Rahamim Israeli)

Local cricketers begin league play Saturday

By JACK LEON Post Sports Reporter TEL AVIV. — Israel's World Cup cricketers will be returning to local action this weekend, when the Israel Cricket Association's 12th season gets into full swing.

season's champion Petah Tikva "A" faces runner-up Ramle "A" in Saturday's first full round of fixtures. Added spice is given to this match by the fact that two of the touring party's most successful bowlers will face each other: Reuben Reuben for the hosts and Michael Jacob for Petah Tikva.

standing application for full ICC membership when it comes up again next week at the organization's annual general meeting in London. Israel's representative at the ICC meeting will be Geoffrey Davis of the Israel Cricket Supporters Association in England, Kandil reported. Israel was accepted as an ICC associate in 1974, in the face of bitter opposition from Pakistan.

Evert Lloyd survives a scare to advance in women's tennis

EASTBOURNE, England (AP). — Chris Evert Lloyd survived a scare, beat pulling out a 4-6, 7-6, 6-0 second-round victory over fellow American Anne Smith in the Eastbourne women's grass-court tournament on Tuesday.

Lloyd was to meet Britain's No. 4 player, Anne Hobbs, in the third round yesterday. Hobbs beat U.S. Wightman Cup player Joanne Russell 7-5, 6-3. Third-seeded Tracy Austin had a one-sided 6-2, 6-8 victory over Betsy Nagelsen. She now meets another American, the much improved Kathy Jordan, who ousted Kate Latham of the U.S. 6-3, 3-4, 6-2.

U.S. BASEBALL ROUNDUP Billy Martin loses first game in return as Yankee skipper

NEW YORK (AP). — Luis Gomez drove in his first two runs of the season with a tie-breaking, bases-loaded single in the sixth inning as the Toronto Blue Jays beat New York 6-4 Tuesday night and spoiled Billy Martin's return as manager of the Yankees.

Table with columns for American League East, West, and National League East, West. Rows list teams like Baltimore, Boston, Milwaukee, etc., with their respective records.

Yugoslavia takes 3rd in Eurobasketball

TURIN, Italy (Reuter). — World champion Yugoslavia won the bronze medal in the European men's basketball championships late Tuesday night by beating Czechoslovakia 99-92 in the play-off for third and fourth places. The Yugoslavs led 56-46 at half time.

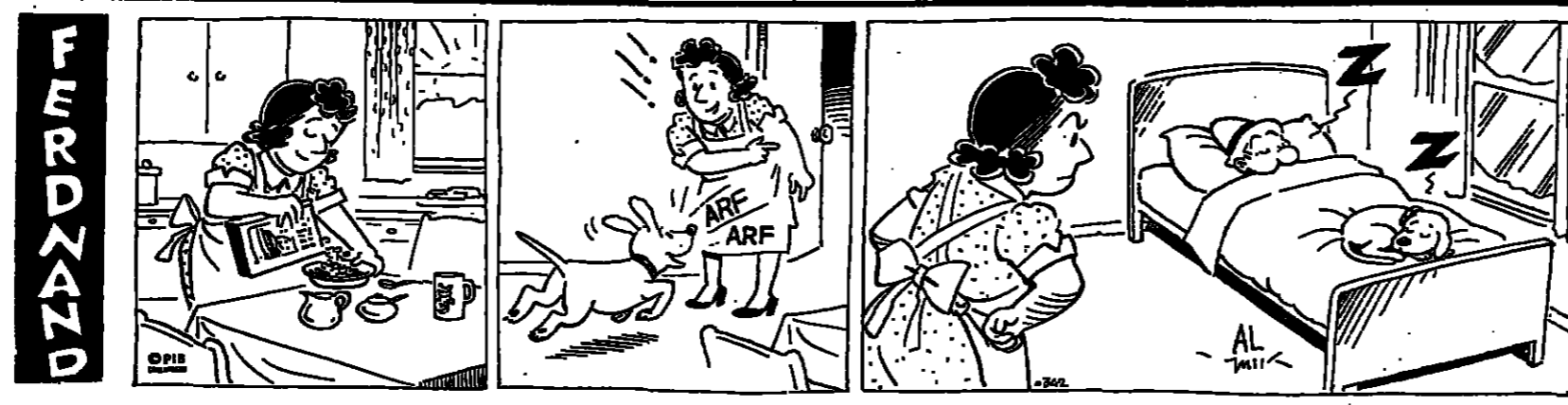
the title ended last week when they were beaten by last night's finalists, the Soviet Union and unfancied Israel. Top scorers for the winners were Kleonovic with 23 points, Jerkov (16), Zisic (14) and Vajacic (14). Czechoslovakia's leading scorers were Brabec (28) and Kos (22).

Japanese boxer retains junior middleweight title

YOKKAICHI, Japan (Reuter). — Masashi Kudo of Japan rallied last night from trouble in the 10th round to beat Argentine challenger Manuel Gonzalez in the 12th and retain his World Boxing Association junior middleweight title.

The Argentine, who pressed the fight from the start, appeared headed for victory when he swarmed over the 27-year-old champion in the 10th round. But Kudo bounced back to mix punches with the challenger towards the end of the round and in the next landed punches almost at will.

Advertisement for Beit Halachmi, a gift shop. Text: 'the gifted shop an abundant variety of exclusive fine gifts from all over the world to satisfy every taste; our own-crafted exquisite gold jewelry. Beit Halachmi 33 Pinkas Street Tel Aviv'.



WHAT'S ON

Notices in this feature are charged at IL50.40 per line including VAT, per month. Copy accepted at offices of The Jerusalem Post and all recognized advertising agents.

ENTERTAINMENT

magazine presented by Dalia Mazar with guest star Jimmy Lloyd 18.00 What's Up — people and events in the news

ON THE AIR

2nd Programme 6.50 Travis McGee — Radio thriller series 7.00 This Morning — news magazine 8.10 Good Morning — songs, chat with Rami Michael

Table with columns: Dial Locations, AM in MHz, FM in MHz, and Program. Lists various radio stations and their frequencies.

CINEMAS

JERUSALEM, 4, 7, 9. Arsenal: The Boys from Brazil, 4, 6.30, 9; Eden: Devil's Brigade, 4, 6.30, 9; Eilat: Paradise Alley, 4, 6.30, 9; Habimah: My Mother The General; Kfir: Dizenoff 10, 4, 6.30, 9; Mithell: National Lampoon's Animal House, 4.45, 9; Weds. also at 4; Orgel: Heroes: Orde; Midnight Express, 4, 6.30, 9; Orde: The Thirty Nine Steps; Kest: Don't Steal My Baby; Semadar: Heaven Can Wait, 7, 9.30; Small Auditorium Cinema: Ba'ama: Autumn Sonata; Garden: White Bim, Black Ear; Nedi: My Mother the

CLASSIFIEDS

DEADLINES Jerusalem: Weekdays: 10 a.m. of day prior to publication. For Friday's paper: 5 p.m. on Wednesday. For Sunday's paper: 3 p.m. on Thursday. Tel Aviv and Haifa: Wednesday and Friday: 12 noon two days prior to publication. For Sunday's paper: 12 noon Thursday.

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SUNSET-SUNRISE

Sunset 18.50; Sunrise tomorrow 04.34.

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ARRIVALS

0015 El Al 315 London, 0145 Sterling 805 Copenhagen, Athens 0303 Tarom 805 Bucharest, Athens 0955 El Al 002 New York 1005 THY 824 Istanbul 1600 Danair 4129 London, Gatwick 1305 Alitalia 728 Rome 1400 El Al 386 Rome 1430 TWA 888 New York 1430 Lufthansa 604 Frankfurt 1600 Danair 4129 London, Gatwick 1815 Karair 3128 Eilat 1930 El Al 548 Rhodes 1930 TWA 808 San Francisco, New York, Paris 1955 Air France 132 Paris, Lyon 1700 El Al 188 Mexico, New York, Rome 1705 TWA 846 Washington, Boston, Rome, Athens 1730 El Al 348 Zurich 1735 Cyprus 2333 Larnaca 1800 Swissair 332 Zurich 1800 British Air 576 London 1900 TWA 848 Chicago, Paris, Rome 1915 Olympic 301 Athens 1925 El Al 315 London 2000 Lufthansa 600 Munich



(Gregory Rossman)

Ida Nudel campaign

By a Jerusalem Post-Reporter

The jar, pictured above, which dates from 1,500 BCE and was dug up in Judea, is the contribution by Foreign Minister Dayan to the auction to be held tonight as part of the observance of International Ida Nudel Day...

Yisrael Yeshayahu: pioneer, politician



Yisrael Yeshayahu

YISRAEL YESHAYAHU was not only one of Israel's most illustrious sons, but a pioneer who for years was a symbol of the successful integration of the various Jewish communities.

His death also marks the end of the era when a labourer could realistically aspire to the highest offices of the State. By his accomplishments Yeshayahu proved that even the impossible becomes possible if one works for it hard enough.

Yeshayahu was born around 1910 in Yemen into the Shar'abi family of weavers and scholars. His parents moved to San'a, the capital, so that he could attend the yeshiva of the well-known Rabi Kephach. While steeping himself in Jewish lore, he also worked with his hands, helping his father and brothers who became weavers at the court of the Imam.

It was in the Yemenite quarter of Rishon that his political education began and he learned how to fight for freedom. He succeeded in getting his whole family out of Yemen. In 1933 they all moved to Tel Aviv.

YESHAYAHU found work there as a plasterer and a labour organizer and became the secretary of the Yemenite communal organization Ezrat Ahim.

People soon realized his potential. Chaim Nachman Bialik heard one of his speeches and introduced him to the editor of 'Ha'aretz,' who decided to publish it.

Bialik also introduced Yeshayahu to Zalman Rubashov (Shazar), the future president of Israel, who was on the senior editorial staff of 'Davar.'

It was through the intervention of Katmelson that Yeshayahu found himself on the secretariat of Noar Ha'oved, the Histadrut youth movement. The idea was to woo Yemenite youth away from right-wing parties and to integrate them within the Labour movement.

After that it was only natural that he should be elected on the Mapei ticket to the First Knesset. In the middle of his first parliamentary term he began his secret trips to Aden, Yemen and Eritrea. This was perhaps the happiest period of his life, organizing 'Operation Magic

into the Histadrut's Department for Oriental Communities, where he began a lifelong friendship with Yosef Sprinzak, the labour leader and future Speaker of the Knesset. Yeshayahu often found it difficult to reconcile his religious ideas with the more extreme political attitudes of some of his new friends. His deep faith was severely tested by his encounter with socialist thinking; however, he was a rational man and always ready to compromise, and he found his own balance between the two.

The religious parties, bent on winning over the Yemenite community, found in him a strong and able polemicist. Yeshayahu used to point out that there were always moderates and extremists in ancient Israel and that moderation was always the preferable course. He thus found a way for observant Yemenites to participate in Labour organizations.

It was by writing for the Labour press and by organizing workers that Yeshayahu won the respect of his colleagues and was elected to the Histadrut's Central Committee. In 1939, he became the Mapei delegate to the Zionist Congress in Geneva; he attended all the subsequent Zionist Congresses.

A SPECIAL bond developed between him and David Ben-Gurion, who in 1948 invited him to serve as assistant government secretary under Ze'ev Shafir. Yeshayahu thus became in fact the liaison officer between the provisional government and the State Council.

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Carpet" and "On Eagles' Wings," the massive airlifts of Yemenite Jews to Israel.

The Yemenite immigrants found their absorption pains alleviated by his constant attention. The integration of this community was in no small measure due to his direct approach.

Yeshayahu was deputy speaker of the Third Knesset. (He had a miraculous escape when in 1967 a bomb was thrown in the Knesset by a madman.) Throughout the years he sought to develop the qualities of a perfect Speaker, "respectful of all members, tolerant of their views, perfectly aware of what was going on, keen on hearing, and above all, fully informed on procedure."

It was as a member of the all-powerful Knesset House Committee that Yeshayahu became Labour Party secretary-general in 1972. But his sights were set on the post of Knesset Speaker. He realized his ambition in May, 1972. There was opposition to his nomination, which was carried by a narrow majority of the Labour Party's Knesset faction against that of Yitzhak Navon.

Once elected speaker, Yeshayahu showed that he had a firm hand and a powerful voice. He also had an unusual talent as an arbitrator, combining skill with wit. During the winter of 1973 he was mentioned as one of several candidates for the presidency.

Re-elected speaker for the Eighth Knesset, Yeshayahu led parliamentary delegations, first to Germany and then, in November 1976, to the U.S.

In April, 1977 Yeshayahu, who had been a Knesset Member since the establishment of the State, suffered a defeat when only 35 per cent of the Labour Party Central Committee voted for his renomination. The elections that followed reflected the public demand for a change following the Yom Kippur war.

Yeshayahu bade farewell to the Knesset at a special session on April 4, 1977. He urged the House to guard its sovereignty jealously. He had been a Knesset Member for 28 years, a deputy speaker for 12, and Speaker for five years.



150 million miracles

By MARY HIRSCHFELD/Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — "150 million trees are 150 million minor miracles," said Western Australia Premier Sir Charles Court, describing the work of the Jewish National Fund since statehood.

Speaking at the dedication of the Western Australia 150th anniversary Recreation Park at Ein Zetim, (Upper Galilee), the premier praised the JNF's role in developing the country.

"If only other nations in the area could capture the same spirit, zest, endurance and courage what a different world it would be," he said.

World chairman of the JNF, Moshe Rivlin promised that more recreation parks would soon be opened and thanked Australia's Jewish community for its constant support. "Our two countries share the same pioneering spirit of reclaiming waste land and conquering deserts," he said.

Sir Charles and Lady Court concluded the ceremony by planting their own trees and touring the park. Also present were Australian Ambassador Mr. W.F.G. Handmer, foreign ministry officials and representatives from several Upper Galilee settlements.

Sir Charles is pictured above during the tree-planting ceremony.

IN THE SUPREME COURT, sitting as Court of Criminal Appeals: Before the Deputy President (Justice Landau), Justices Shamgar and Ben Porath.

Appellant: Shmuel Rechtman. Respondent: State of Israel (Cr.A.113/78).

THE SUPREME COURT dismissed an appeal against a conviction and sentence handed down by the Tel Aviv District Court on January 3, 1979 (in Cr.C. 814/78).

The appellant, Shmuel Rechtman, was found guilty by the Tel Aviv District Court of taking a bribe contrary to section 290(a) of the Penal Law, 1977. The District Court found that while Rechtman had been mayor of Rehovot and chairman of the Town Planning Commission he had done certain favours for a local building contractor, Aharon Giber. In return, in 1970, Giber consented to sell a penthouse, still to be constructed, to Rechtman's sister at cost and that in 1973, Rechtman had received IL70,000 from Giber for waiving all rights to the penthouse, for which no payments whatever had been made in advance.

The District Court also found that the permit for the penthouse, signed by Rechtman in his capacity as chairman of the Town Planning Commission, was of dubious validity.

Rechtman was sentenced to three-and-a-half years imprisonment and fined IL70,000. In his appeal to the Supreme Court, M. Caspi and M.

Nachshon appeared for the appellant, and Mrs. S. Sirota, Tel Aviv District Attorney, for the State.

Justice Landau, who delivered the judgment of the Supreme Court, Justices Shamgar and Ben Porath concurring, noted that the appellant had been convicted on the strength of two pieces of evidence. One was the testimony of Giber, which the District Court had found to be reliable. The second was a secret recording of a conversation between Giber and Rechtman in which the mayor had urged Giber to keep mum about the money which he (Rechtman) had received from him.

Giber's testimony, he continued, had been challenged by the appellant on the grounds that the witness was untrustworthy in general and that, furthermore, he had agreed to be hypnotized and could have been influenced by the hypnotist to stick to a story that he was unable to change of his own free will afterwards.

Considering the question of hypnosis first, Justice Landau held that according to American precedents (there being no local or English testimony on the credibility of hypnosis), it would appear that while hypnosis could serve as a useful

weapon in a police investigation, the courts should be extremely wary of establishing facts on the strength of information gathered under hypnosis; there was always the possibility that the subject of the hypnosis could have erred at the time of perception, or have been influenced by fantasies or by memory distortion at the time of recall. If he had erred, it would be very difficult to correct his error in an additional examination conducted after the hypnosis. (See also the Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 1977.)

Thus Justice Landau was of the opinion that facts should not have been established on the basis only of what the witness, Giber, had revealed during hypnosis. However, since these facts were of minor significance, and the major part of Giber's testimony had been contained in his statement made to the police before he was subjected to hypnosis, this conclusion could not serve to disqualify the main tenor of Giber's testimony.

Furthermore, from the evidence of the hypnotist and on the basis of the District Court's own impressions, there was no cause for concluding that Giber's later testimony in court had been adversely influenced by his hypnosis, and there was nothing in

LAW REPORT Doris Lankin

the American precedents to justify the conclusion that hypnotizing a witness automatically disqualifies later testimony in court, if there are no special reasons for finding that the process of hypnosis had in fact distorted the truth of later testimony.

AS TO the general reliability of Giber, continued Justice Landau, the District Court had carefully and conscientiously weighed up all the facts in his testimony and had concluded that it was credible and reliable.

He could see no cause for the Supreme Court to interfere with this conclusion, he held. Furthermore, he noted, although the District Court had been entitled, under the provisions of section 296 of the Penal Law, to convict the appellant on the strength of Giber's testimony only, it had elected not to do so. Giber had not only been a party to the offence of bribery, but had also been under secret pressure to save himself from other criminal charges by testifying against the appellant. The District Court had, therefore, found corroborative evidence in the secret recording of a conversation between Giber and the appellant, in the

latter's locked office, which had provided conclusive evidence of the appellant's guilt.

Nor had there been any need, continued Justice Landau, to challenge the admissibility of this recording — as the appellant's counsel had done at great and unnecessary length — since the appellant himself had admitted the contents of his conversation with Giber. He had attempted, albeit in vain, to persuade the court that the money he had referred to in the conversation was not the IL70,000, but a sum of IL5,000, which he had received as an arbitration fee from Giber on another occasion and had failed to declare for income tax purposes.

In short, held Justice Landau, there had been sufficient un rebutted evidence against the appellant to justify his conviction. He then went on to discuss the District Court's criticism of the manner in which counsel for both the prosecution and the defence had conducted their cases, prolonging the trial unduly and unnecessarily, and failing to show proper respect for one another or for the prestige of the court.

An examination of the trial records shows, he said, that the District Court had very good cause for this criticism. For while the

defence counsel might have been entitled to challenge the character and reliability of the main prosecution witness, and in order to do so to have examined him on matters not directly relevant to the indictment, there was a limit to the scope of such an examination, and the defence had overstepped this limit.

In so far as counsel for the prosecution was concerned, she had attempted to prove through her cross-examination of the accused that he had fulfilled his functions as mayor of Rehovot and chairman of the Town Planning Commission in so disreputable a manner as to make it reasonable to conclude that he was perfectly capable of committing the offence of bribery. Such methods, held Justice Landau, are not admissible in accordance with the prevailing attitude of the Israel courts, even in cases where the defence counsel challenges the character of one of the prosecution witnesses (See Haron on Evidence, Vol. 2, p. 288, and Cr.A. 288/84, 3 P.D. 19/441.)

It would have been preferable, therefore, if counsel for the prosecution had not followed in the footsteps of the defence counsel and prolonged the cross-examination of witnesses unnecessarily.

The appellant, however, had suffered no miscarriage of justice, as the prolonged cross-examination had revealed nothing of a criminal nature and as the District Court had rightly confined its findings to the charge of bribery only.

As to the manner in which the opposing counsel had presented their cases, it was clear, held Justice Landau, from the court records that there had repeatedly been heated exchanges between them necessitating great effort on the part of the trial judge to prevent the conduct of the case from getting out of hand. Furthermore, even in her pleading before the Supreme Court, the state's representative had displayed signs of superfluous emotionality.

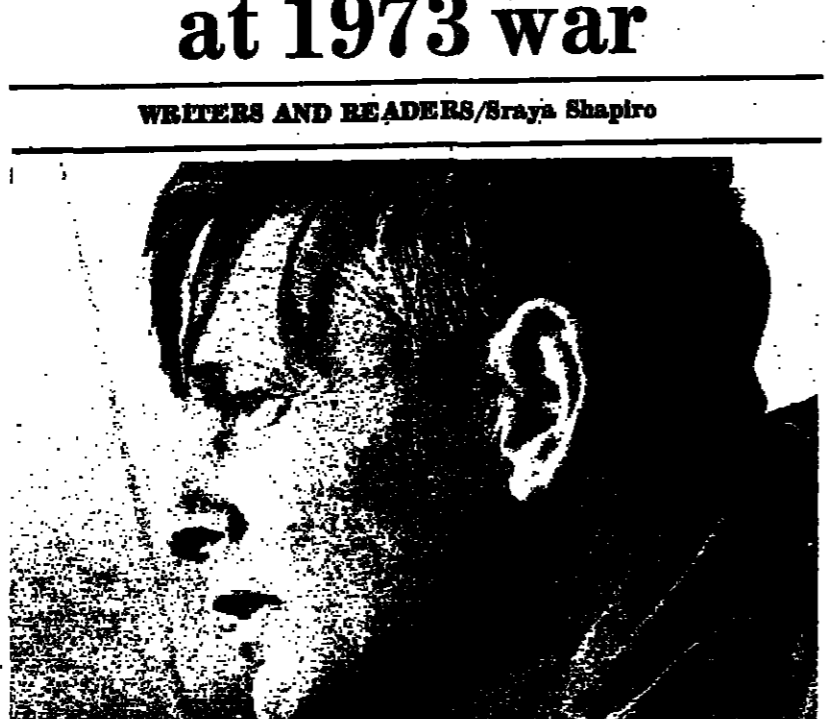
It is apparently necessary, he continued, to remind advocates that they will defend their cases as efficiently if they conduct themselves with moderation and restraint and with respect for the court's directives, and that every manifestation of personal, emotional involvement in the affairs of their clients only serves to obfuscate the issues.

Till now, he added, this had been self-understood, particularly by the representatives of the state, and it was to be hoped that this correct standard of conduct, which is vital to the proper functioning of the courts, would be maintained in the future as well.

Appeal dismissed and sentence confirmed. Judgment given on June 10, 1979.

'Bren' looks back at 1973 war

WRITERS AND READERS/Brays Shapiro



Avraham Adan

RUMINATING over the battles of the Yom Kippur war, Aluf (res.) Avraham Adan — whom friends and the public know as "Bren" — attempts the impossible. He wants to put the record straight by demonstrating that the tank force he commanded was as much responsible for changing the tide of war as "others" were. But "others," especially the present Minister of Agriculture, mustered better P.R. "I had no time for anything but fighting," Bren wryly commented as he presented his book, 'Al Shtei Gdot Suez' (On Both Banks of the Suez), to the press recently.

The armed forces were caught unawares on Yom Kippur and never managed to achieve full strength in the 19 days of fighting. Plans changed hourly, improvisation prevailed. That the campaign ended as it did, with the IDF a 100 kilometres from Cairo and 40 from Damascus, was a feat Israel should have been proud of. Adan had not the stigma of mishap totally stunned the nation's senses. Strange, Bren muses, that foreign observers never commented their admiration at Israel's performance.

The military outcome of the war was foreseen by none other than the Egyptian chief-of-staff, Sadek, who opposed Sadat's urge to fight. "Sadek did not realize that Sadat's aim was political, that the military move, even if it caused enormous casualties, was intended only to break the political stalemate," Aluf Adan says.

For the first time since the establishment of the Hagana, a dichotomy occurred between the man of politics and the soldier in the field. How it happened could make a fascinating study, which would be far beyond the scope of Bren's account. Perhaps such a study would be impossible to do at present since

so many of the political factions involved are still in the power game. BREN CONCENTRATES on military moves, their reasons and effects. He writes in a clear terse style. The general reader, however, would welcome the omission of numerous technical details. The reasonable, and seemingly

promising Israel plans to stem an Egyptian incursion were thwarted by the imbrogio among Israel's political leaders, and so the army officers extemporized as events evolved. There is nothing wrong with officers having different ideas on how to proceed; but it is essential that, once a plan is adopted, it is carried out by everybody concerned with the

weapon in a police investigation, the courts should be extremely wary of establishing facts on the strength of information gathered under hypnosis; there was always the possibility that the subject of the hypnosis could have erred at the time of perception, or have been influenced by fantasies or by memory distortion at the time of recall. If he had erred, it would be very difficult to correct his error in an additional examination conducted after the hypnosis. (See also the Journal of the Forensic Science Society, 1977.)

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Furthermore, from the evidence of the hypnotist and on the basis of the District Court's own impressions, there was no cause for concluding that Giber's later testimony in court had been adversely influenced by his hypnosis, and there was nothing in

most attention to detail, Bren says. He intimates that Aluf Sharon, for one, often deviated from the agreed course to pursue his own whims. As for Aluf Gonen, who was responsible for the Southern Front at the start of the battle, Adan says that Gonen proffered many a sound, even brilliant, idea — he insisted on crossing the canal even before it was lost. "But," says Adan, "he acted as if he were doing a map exercise, without sensing the pressure to think really developed in the field." Mistaking an order for achievement led Gonen, in Bren's view, to make somewhat misleading reports to the chief-of-staff, and indirectly to incoherent directives from General Headquarters.

Aluf Yisrael Tal, then deputy chief-of-staff, proved an ineffectual commander in the field when he was made O.C. Southern Front to replace Rav Aluf Haim Bar-Lev. Tal, Bren says, did not want to wipe out the encircled Third Army. He also treated lightly Bren's insistence on training tank crews while the fight was on. But training such crews was vital, says Bren, because the heavy losses in tankmen at the beginning of hostilities might soon have left the army with nobody to run the armour.

In the sort of war that Israel waged in 1973, the attention of the commanding officers should have been completely given over to the task at hand. But the chief-of-staff was required to attend lengthy cabinet meetings from the very beginning when his decision was vital for the conduct of operations, Bren notes.

One obvious lesson to be drawn from the Yom Kippur masaf is that when hostilities start, the conduct of operations must be decided immediately by the Minister of Defence and the Prime Minister alone — the Ben-Gurion formula for the Sinai Campaign.

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TWO-IN-ONE CROSSWORD

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for 'CRYPTIC CLUES' and 'STRAIGHTFORWARD CLUES'. Includes solutions for 'Yesterday's Cryptic Solution' and 'Yesterday's Cryptic Solution'.

SOLUTIONS TO TODAY'S PUZZLE TOMORROW

A government industry that makes a profit

By JOSEPH MORGENSTERN Jerusalem Post Finance Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Phosphorous is an essential constituent of all living organisms, but it is one of the least abundant mineral nutrients. Israel has more than its share.

When phosphorous is removed from the soil by crops it must be replaced artificially by adding phosphate fertilizers. With the expanding need to feed growing populations, phosphate production throughout the world has become critically important.

Negev Phosphates Ltd., chosen as outstanding exporter for 1978, is a major producer and exporter of phosphate rock. In that year Negev Phosphates exported nearly \$60m. worth of phosphate rock and associated products.

In the past two years the company has shown the fastest production growth of any similar company anywhere in the world. This accelerated rate of growth in production and sales is anticipated to continue into the foreseeable future.

The Negev Phosphate fields are a part of the Mediterranean phosphate belt that stretches from Morocco, in the west, to Jordan in the east and Turkey in the north. Phosphoric, or phosphorous bearing rock, is a marine sediment that was probably deposited in shallow elongated bays thousands of years ago.

The existence of phosphorites in Israel has been known for some 110 years. However, only in 1960, while the geological mapping of the Negev was being carried out, was the first economic phosphorite deposit discovered at Oran.

This discovery gave further impetus to more detailed investigation as well as to the operation of the Oran field. Subsequently, no less than 18 other phosphate fields were discovered in the northern and central sectors of the Negev.

The Oran field is about 20 kms. long and consists of three layers of phosphorite, each one to two metres thick, separated by chalk or limestone layers. Mining is accomplished with the use of heavy equipment which strips away the top layers.

The raw phosphorite is then transported to installations situated in the northern end of the Oran field. There the phosphorite rock is milled and the removal of fine and coarse fractions are carried out.

The enriched phosphorite is shipped to fertilizer plants in the north, where it is converted to the valuable super-phosphate and other phosphate fertilizers.

It is generally known that long before the peace agreement was first initiated between Egypt and Israel in March of this year, Egypt was purchasing Israeli produced fertilizer via Cyprus. Prospects for the further expansion of such sales are promising and may become the first officially exported product by Israel to Egypt.

In 1963, with the establishment of a railroad link between Dimona and the north, the phosphorite has been shipped by rail. Through the export of phosphorite is now big business, it only began in 1967. The first year only \$8m. was exported. Ten years later the figure stood at \$5.2m. In the past decade, exports have multiplied nearly tenfold.

As production increased so did processing techniques. In 1968, a turning point took place with the introduction of a big calcination kiln. During the calcination process the calcite disintegrates into lime and carbon dioxide. The carbon dioxide is in turn driven out as a gas during roasting and the calcium oxide is later removed by water.

An original production of 400,000 tons per year of high quality phosphate has been expanded to about 1.25 million tons a year. The phosphate produced in the concentration of about 35 per cent is in strong demand internationally and prices for it are relatively high.

Pinchas Carmi, a geologist by profession, has headed Negev Phosphates since 1974. The Israeli-born Carmi has just turned 40 and directs a staff of 1,400 employees. Most of these are production workers, with less than 100 who are technicians or university graduates.

While Carmi does not belittle the technical progress achieved by Negev Phosphates, he gives most of the credit to the devoted and backbreaking effort exerted by the mining and production workers.

"Without these people who, for the greater part, come from development towns such as Arad, Yeruham and Dimona, we could not have gone as far as we have," he states.

Negev Phosphates Ltd. is a government owned company and among the few that produces large income and profits. It is a part of the Israel Chemical group. In the past



Phosphate workers are, for the most part, unskilled labourers from the Negev development towns, rather than skilled technicians. (Rubinger)

The company's Machtesh Katan plant specializes in mechanically enriching phosphates and its production is about 400,000 tons a year.

The upgrading of the phosphorite is an important key in the increase of profitability. However, the Machtesh Katan field which supplies the processing plant has relatively small reserves, established by geologists to be only about 10 million tons.

The rapid development of the Negev Phosphates company has added considerably to the development of the country's transportation system. The company is the railroad's single largest customer. Road development in the Negev has also accompanied the company's expansion.

The Ahdod port is about to build a major phosphate warehousing facility and install loading equipment to increase loading capacity from 1.2 million tons to 3 million tons a year. I.L.B. was invested in the Ahdod facility, but the resulting benefit to the State of Israel has been determined as \$60m. in current terms.

Sales projections for 1979/1980 are estimated at I.L.B., of which more than 90 per cent is foreign currency income. The government's share, in the coming years, should be running at an income of \$100m. a year.

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Oil squeeze to continue says Standard Oil head

Special to The Jerusalem Post

LONDON. — The industrialized world's reliance on imported oil will continue to grow through 1985, but supplies will never be as abundant as they were at the beginning of the 1970s and they are going to cost a great deal more, the chairman of Standard Oil Company (Indiana) said here recently.

Addressing the International Monetary Conference, John E. Swearingin said that "it would be unrealistic in the extreme... to expect OPEC again to produce a surplus. "When you can make more by producing less, and preserve your precious resources in the bargain, there are few incentives for increased production," he said.

The worldwide crude oil shortfall — currently 2 million barrels per day — will continue for at least the next half decade, Swearingin noted. "Even without widespread shortages, the industrialized nations of the world will be living on the ragged edge."

The Standard chairman pointed out that Saudi Arabia, which many had thought would expand production in times of shortage, can no longer be counted on to increase production or to curb OPEC's appetite for crude oil price increases.

"Today, the Saudis feel that their own national self-interest dictates the building of bridges to their more militant Arab neighbours," Swearingin said. "The idea that the Saudis will always be there to bail us out is little more than a chimera — especially when the realities of the day are taken into consideration."

Swearingin emphasized that oil continues to be under exercise control over OPEC production rates.

"Today, governments are in the driver's seat in most major oil producing countries," with the companies occupying a minimal position in these countries, primarily as technicians or middlemen between producers and consumers.

Swearingin pointed out that the industrialized nations of the West have options which "would represent a significant step toward controlling, rather than being controlled by, oil."

"Over the short run — preferably by the end of this year — we must

strive to cut our consumption by 5 per cent, as has been pledged by the member nations of the International Energy Agency."

Swearingin acknowledged that the essence of this outlook "hinges in large part on the actions of my own country," which he described as still "leaving" nothing resembling a coherent national energy policy.

President Carter should be applauded for his efforts to decontrol U.S. crude oil prices, he said, although intense political pressures are bearing on him.

The West Germans have the right approach, Swearingin added. "Let prices rise to their natural levels, let higher prices be passed on to consumers, and a drop in consumption will naturally follow."

Future efforts to increase oil and gas production from Free World nations will be costly, Swearingin said, "but with cooperation among our nations, and with adequate revenues to support exploration and development, I am convinced that we can successfully pursue them as partial solutions to our near-term energy problems."

Looking from the mid-1980s to the 21st century, Swearingin cited several possibilities for expanding energy supplies, including burning plentiful coal supplies to produce electricity, and producing crude oil from oil shale, coal, and tar sands.

The technology is there, he said, "but we must keep sharply in mind the magnitude of the task at hand." As an example, Swearingin estimated that it would take an investment of \$300b. over an eight to 10-year period for the U.S. to replace eight to 10 million barrels of oil imports per day with oil extracted from coal or shale.

According to Swearingin, solar power, geothermal power and other forms of exotic energy "cannot be viewed as workable world-wide alternatives until well into the 21st century."

The era of abundant, low cost energy is dead and "nostalgia for the past and fear of the future are intense," he concluded. "Optimism, however, the high emotionalism will subside. Just as the prospect of hanging sharpens the mind, so does economic distress, once its causes are properly identified, bring a people together."

Exports not profitable say kibbutz industries

By MACABEE DEAN Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Kibbutz industries, which have built up a reputation for being deeply committed to Israel's export drive, now find it much more profitable to sell on the local market, Avra Bana, coordinator of the kibbutz industries and 28 rest homes admitted yesterday.

Bana, now winding up a three-year stint as head of the association, is vacating the job to Gidon Dudai.

"Up to and through 1977, there was a steady growth in the exports — local market ratio," he said, "but in 1978 the situation was drastically reversed. If in 1977 exports accounted for 82.7 per cent of all sales, last year, in 1978, such exports dropped to 23.3 per cent of all sales."

"This is due to the rising demand on the local market and the greater profits available locally," he said. But he warned "that this trend, if it continues, constitutes a great danger, for local sales can fall off suddenly, as they have in the past, leaving us with shrinking markets. Therefore, to avoid this danger, we should draw up long-range plans where the export ratio will show a steady growth, not a decline."

In 1977, the kibbutz industries had sales of I.L.S. 549.5m., last year sales stood at I.L.S. 993.5m., and during the present year sales should reach I.L.S. 983m. (All these figures are deflated to take into account the inflationary spiral, thus they are "real" figures and not inflationary ones.)

Nearly all the tremendous growth from I.L.S. 550. to almost I.L.S. 1,000. went to the local market," he said, noting, however, that exports had grown in 1978 by about 12.8 per cent in real figures (taking into account the devaluation of the dollar) to stand at \$120m. (In current figures, i.e. without taking the devaluation of the dollar into account, exports grew by 25.3 per cent in 1978, about the same figure as for all of Israel's industrial exports, with the exception of diamonds.)

Bana hoped that in 1979 exports would rise to between \$140m. and \$150m.

"However, we have to remember that the local market produces profits approximately twice as great as exports do," he said.

Leading export items in 1978 were processed foods (28.4 per cent of all exports), followed by metal goods, 25.7 per cent, plastics and rubber, 23.3 per cent, and wood and furniture 8.9 per cent. On the local market, the branch which led sales was plastics and rubber, 28 per cent, processed foods, 15 per cent, and wood and furniture, 11.5 per cent.

On an average, each kibbutz industrial worker produced goods valued at I.L.S. 406, an increase of 12.6 per cent over the previous year, compared to a nationwide increase of nine per cent. However, those working in the field of chemicals and medicines produced I.L.S. 685,000 a year, compared to only I.L.S. 307,000 in the field of printing.

The number of workers in the kibbutz industries grew by eight per cent in 1978 to stand at 15,028. Of these, 60 per cent were members of kibbutzim, and the others hired hands of one type or another.

Prazot taken off Project Renewal

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Prazot, the municipal government housing corporation in Jerusalem, is to be taken off the job of implementing Project Renewal in the capital, The Jerusalem Post learned.

The decision came as a result of the lag in implementation of the project to improve the lot of poor neighborhoods. In future, the task will be undertaken directly by the government.

The decision came as a result of a compromise between Jerusalem Mayor Teddy Kollek, who had asked that a special new company be set up to take over the job, and Deputy Prime Minister Yigal Yadin, whose office is overseeing the project.

El Al workers irked at filthy main office

By BARUCH SAVILE

Jerusalem Post Travel Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Employees at El Al's main office here are up in arms, not over pay hikes but over the state of the office, which they consider unworthy of the airline.

One veteran employee told The Jerusalem Post that the exterior of the shop in Rehov Ben Yehuda had not been cleaned since the building was first opened 14 years ago.

"We are the national airline yet our showplace is by far worse than all the other 17 airlines who have offices here," another employee added. The exterior did look grubby. The surroundings were littered with peels and pieces of paper and the first floor windows were covered with dirty, discoloured paper.

Within the El Al Building, which is not owned by the airline, the conditions were equally distasteful. The washrooms and toilets, used by El Al employees and its clients, had water flowing on the dirty floor.

Director of Israel El Al branch offices, Joshua Marash, who has his own office in the building, confirmed that the complaints were legitimate, and asked whether the conditions in

the building's garage had been mentioned. He told of an open cesspool there which he claimed had not been cleaned out for years; the vile smell of urine reeking up to the office area.

Arleh Pilz, who owns the El Al building told The Post that "matters were being looked into" and that improvements were being carried out in the toilets. He claimed the outer area was not the owner's responsibility.

Meanwhile El Al has denied reports that the company vice-president of finance and controller, Michael Singer, has resigned. It also denied a report that Singer had been appointed general manager of a United Mizrahi Bank subsidiary. Singer himself was not available for comment.

At the same time, well-informed sources in El Al claim that no less than three vice-presidents have indicated their intention of resigning. The sources added that the supposed waves of resignations may be connected with rumours going around El Al that with the end of the summer season, the airline may find difficulty in meeting its salary commitments.

New plant creates fuel from refuse

STOCKHOLM. — A new waste treatment system for household refuse

will transform up to half of the waste into combustible pellets with two-thirds the energy value of coal has been developed by the Malmö-based firm of P.L.M., Swedish packaging and resource recovery specialists.

The pellets, which have a low sulphur content, can be used in existing industrial furnaces designed for burning solid fuels and in district heating plants. They can also be used as fibre raw material in the pulp and paper industry. What remains after the pellets have been produced consists of organic matter for composting and a small residue which is made up of recoverable metals and of non-recoverable refuse.

The new system, dubbed Brini, incorporates a hammer mill and a ballistic separator. The waste is first fragmented in the mill after which it is transported to the separator for division into light, organic, and heavy fractions. The first consists of combustible material — principally paper and plastic foil — and the last of metals and residual waste.

An optional second unit takes the form of a special plant in which the light fraction is dried and converted into compact pellets which can easily be stored until required. P.L.M. has been operating a Brini prototype plant at Kivik, near Stockholm, for some time, and are planning to start up a full-scale plant there. The Swedish state has contributed over 1m. kroner (\$328,000) towards the costs of the project and P.L.M. plan to initiate commercial exploitation in the course of the current year.

The vast bulk of the 2.5 million tons of household refuse generated each year in Sweden is dumped, a mere 25 per cent of it being incinerated. Were the whole of this volume to be processed in Brini plants, the resultant output of pellets would have the same energy value as 400,000 cubic metres of oil, it is stated.

DUE TO unusual demand, El Al has decided to continue its flights to Mexico until the end of August. Albany Travel of Tel Aviv has an unusually high number of reservations this year to Mexico.

Profits and people

ISRAEL CITRUS Plantations

reported that in 1978 the company's net after-tax profits had risen by more than 150 per cent to I.L.S. 685,000. Pre-tax profits had risen even faster as they advanced some 200 per cent over the previous year. The gains came primarily from interest earned and from rental income from property owned in Ashdod. The company owned 840 dunams of citrus orchards of which a part, due to age, are not bearing fruit. Others continued to generate income in spite of bad weather during last year which damaged a part of the orchard. Earnings per share stood at 14 per cent as compared with six per cent earned a year earlier. The company will pay its shareholders a 50 per cent bonus share dividend.

HAIFA CHEMICALS LTD., which went public for the first time in July 1978, published its results for 1978. These indicated that after-tax net profits rose by 56 per cent and stood at I.L.S. 5m. In the same period sales doubled and were at I.L.S. 14.5m. The sharp rise in sales was not fully reflected in the profits column as nearly all of the company's production is exported and margins were severely affected by rising costs (48 per cent rise in cost-of-living index) and a relatively low level of devaluations. (The Israel pound was devalued by just under 24 per cent in 1978).

Haifa Chemicals is 92 per cent controlled by the government-owned Haifa Oil Refineries and is considered a major producer of potassium nitrate and phosphoric acid. The basic material for the company's end products is mined primarily in the Negev. The company has entered into an expansion programme which will increase potassium nitrate production by 84,000 tons to 230,000. The programme is scheduled to be completed in about two years. Calculated on the basis of pre-tax profits the earnings per share came to 16 per cent and 27 per cent based on after-tax profits. Fixed assets more than quadrupled to I.L.S. 32m.

LODZIA TEXTILE CO. LTD. showed an 82.4 per cent rise in earnings in 1978 which reached I.L.S. 6m. The Eisenberg-group-controlled textile concern was able to increase sales by just under 80 per cent. Management in its report states that the level of production was curtailed

shortly by an inability to find enough workers for its Holon facility. As a result much work had to be farmed out to Arab villages. Nevertheless earnings per share reached 49 per cent in contrast to 98 per cent in 1977. A gross 10 per cent profit dividend has been declared in addition to a bonus share payout of 25 per cent.

WHILE THE ISRAELI pound was devalued by just 3 per cent in the week ending June 15, it lost nearly 5 per cent against the pound sterling. The latter has recently been the strongest of the European currencies.

GALILEE MUSIC, which was set up a year ago in Upper Nazareth to manufacture pianos, has already shipped a consignment of 85 to the Common Market, and hopes to finish about 1,000 pianos a year. The plant belongs to the Clal group.

Another Beginning

through the Israeli looking glass

by John Case

is the story of the Cass family's move from Swampscott, Massachusetts to Israel.

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VACANCIES

1. Public tender 22/79/mh — Sewerage and Channeling Engineer — Design and Supervision

Grade: 5-7 on engineering scale

2. Public tender 20/79/mh — Manager/ess of Youth Club

(7 positions), in the Culture, Youth and Sports Dept.

Grade: corresponding to certificates of candidate, on scale of instructional staff, with usual management supplement.

Further details have been posted on the notice boards of the Municipality's Personnel Department, City Hall, Etkar Melaich Israel, and at municipal information bureaux.

Applications, accompanied by curriculum vitae and certificates confirming candidate's qualifications, should be submitted in a sealed envelope marked with the tender number, on a 'Candidate for Vacancy' questionnaire to the Personnel Department.

The questionnaire is available from the Personnel Department — apply in person or by post — and from information bureaux.

Applications not accompanied by the required certificates will not be considered.

Last date for submitting applications: July 4, 1979.

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Registration is still open:

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and Monday, July 2, from 8 a.m. at the Forum Palace Hotel.

Israel Broadcasting Authority

The Jerusalem Khan

Weekly Chamber Music Concert

at the Jerusalem Khan

Sunday, June 24, 8.30 p.m.

BEER-SHEVA ORCHESTRA

Conductor: MENDI BODAN

VLADIMIR GLOFF, cello

MIRA KAZAI, contr.

Programme: Gideon Levinson, Tchaikovsky, Berlioz, Iber



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Oil Exploration of Paz falls by 9 per cent

TEL AVIV. — Oil Exploration of Paz Ltd. shares came under massive selling pressure yesterday, and their price plummeted by 16 points, a loss of 9.2 per cent.

The share market as a whole turned volatile yesterday with turnovers once again on the rise. More than 11,500,000 shares were traded.

The index-linked bond market continued its creeping upward march. Gains of as much as 2 per cent were recorded in most sectors of index-linked bond trading.

The U.S. dollar continued its persistent gains against the Israeli pound. Yesterday the dollar appreciated by nine agorot against the local currency.

Leumi maintained its fast pace in an active and rising commercial bank group. Its shares rose by four points to 373.

Closing prices on the Tel Aviv Stock Exchange

Table with columns: June 20, 1979, Closing price, Change, Volume, etc. Lists various stocks and their prices.

Bank of Israel representative foreign exchange rates—June 20.

Table with columns: Currency, Rate in Israeli pounds. Lists exchange rates for various currencies.

AMERICAN ISRAEL BANK LTD. FOREIGN CURRENCY. Text describing bank services and exchange rates.

Saudis will still pay \$100m. for vehicles for Egypt

WASHINGTON. — Saudi Arabia has agreed to go ahead with the provision of \$100m. (IL25m.) for Egypt's purchase of U.S. vehicles despite the Arab world's economic boycott of Egypt.

ZOHAR Rent a car. The economical way. 50% Reduction on daily rate. Call at any of our offices.

New growing process brings more peaches per dunam

By ALAN ELSNER Jerusalem Post Reporter. TEL AVIV. — Israel has developed a revolutionary method of growing and harvesting peaches greatly improving yields.

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Representative bond prices

Table with columns: Bond Name, Price, Change. Lists various government and corporate bonds.

New York Stock Exchange

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change. Lists various New York Stock Exchange stocks.

Dollar sinks as sterling gains

LONDON (UPI). — The dollar took a beating on international money markets for the second day in a row yesterday, with the pound sterling the main gainer.

New head of tourism

Jerusalem Post Reporter. Yoram Elisovsky, director of the Tourism Administration at the Ministry of Industry, Trade and Tourism, this week was named ministry deputy director-general in charge of finance and development.

FUND RATES. Table with columns: FUND, TRUSTEE, UNIT PRICE, REDEMPTION PRICE. Lists various investment funds.

THE JERUSALEM POST
An Rath Editor and Managing Director
Erwin Frankel Editor
Founded in 1932 by the late GERSHON AGRON, who was Editor until 1955...

EASING THE ECONOMIC BURDEN

The Post's DAVID KRIVINE elaborates on the proposal by Bank of Israel governor Arnon Gafny for easing the heavy foreign currency repayment schedule facing both Egypt and Israel.

Security and judicial scrutiny

THE MOST IMPORTANT aspect of yesterday's High Court of Justice injunction in the Eilon Moreh case is that the justices broke with the tradition of unquestioning acceptance of the government argument...

AS TIME PASSES, the burden of Israel's economic problems grows heavier. Peace brings no relief. Redeployment in the Negev will cost IL1,000...

happened, little more than a decade after the Versailles peace conference. The Great Depression of the 1930s was an important cause of World War II.

Italy might not have brought the Warsaw Pact right up to the shores of the Atlantic.

from which it is hard to find an exit. The country finances its annual foreign debt repayment — by borrowing an equal amount from the U.S. Government.

charge, now (as stated) \$1.9b, should be paid not in dollars, to the U.S. Treasury, but in Israeli pounds to the MEFDF...

The U.S. Government would thus lend \$3b. a year to the Fund, which would dispose of IL750. to MEFDF for financing development in the two recipient countries.

Such an arrangement in the Middle East would provide a unique chance to achieve a major economic breakthrough in both Egypt and Israel...

This is an opinion shared by a number of cabinet ministers, and apparently by Prime Minister Begin.

However, the resort to subterfuge and of skirting the law as in the seizure of the lands before the owners were properly informed...

In all these cases the policies Mr. Sharon was charged with carrying out could have been implemented much more effectively with due consideration for the limitations of the law and of the rights of the persons involved.

Even more worrisome are some of the reactions to yesterday's court injunction. La'am leader and former industry minister, Yigael Hurwitz, came close to accusing former Chief of Staff Haim Barlev of treachery for filing a professional opinion with the court disputing R/A Eitan's opinion on the security issue.

Gush Emunim in its reaction clearly crossed the line on which Hurwitz teetered. It's spokesman declared that "the mitzva (religious commandment) of settling Eretz Israel supersedes three judges basing themselves on a jumble of alien laws."

The Gush has never made a secret of its view that it answers to a "heavenly law" alone. But in the deepening political polarization that is now occurring in the country, such messianism, once marginal, becomes a potent element in firing passions on the right and the left — passions which are clearly threatening the national consensus.

Beef vs poultry
IT IS DIFFICULT to understand what Industry Minister Gideon Patt hopes to achieve by his dispute with the agricultural sector over the price of imported beef.

World meat prices have gone up. Expecting that this would increase the demand for poultry inside Israel, the Government instructed the local farmers to expand their output from 120,000 tons last year, to 140,000 tons.

Mr. Patt's solution of reducing the volume of imported meat supplies — something the government can do, being the sole importer — achieves the worst of both worlds. The price of the meat will go up "under the counter" (of which there are already signs). Instead of reducing prices, the subsidy will end up in the retailer's pocket.

INFORMATION on the Arab world has acquired phenomenal importance for a future war against Israel. Major Arab strategic gains include the Syrian occupation of Lebanon, the formation of the Eastern Front, PLO adventurism in general, Saudi aerial power, and Egypt's return to the Sinai peninsula.

Under these circumstances, can Israel survive? Is there any credible policy to avert the growth and impact of Arab power? Or will Israel be forced, as many Israelis believe, into compromises that endanger her military capacity and political freedom?

Anyone who believes that Israel had no alternative but to accede to American pressure and Arab threats has already accepted this country's demise. If Israel must yield because

What went wrong after World War I was analyzed by the then young economist J.M. Keynes in a stirring book called "The Economic Consequences of the Peace." Britain and its Allies had borrowed money freely from the U.S. to finance the war effort. Keynes realized that if the U.S. made them pay back the money to the last cent, and if the loser, Germany (equally ruined by the war), was forced to disburse heavy reparations to the victors, all the world's victors and vanquished alike would sag into economic recession.

Which is, of course, precisely what happened, little more than a decade after the Versailles peace conference.

AFTER THIS second bout of hostilities, the U.S. grew wiser. Although (again) they had financed their Allies, notably Britain and the Soviet Union, they decided after the termination of belligerence to do the opposite of what might have been expected.

The Marshall Plan was not only a generous aid project, it proved to be a successful investment. What followed this time was not depression, Fascism and war, but the emergence of a prosperous and stable coalition of democratic countries.

Let us summarize the extensive list of Arab gains during the last few years by focusing on three arenas of activity.

In the global arena the Arab world has exerted tremendous economic-political strength with its immediate political clout in the West. The Arabs have taken control of international forums, including the United Nations, and have compelled Western governments to adopt policies that are favourable (euphemistically called "balanced") to Arab interests.

In the regional arena the Arab world has acquired phenomenal importance for a future war against Israel. Major Arab strategic gains include the Syrian occupation of Lebanon, the formation of the Eastern Front, PLO adventurism in general, Saudi aerial power, and Egypt's return to the Sinai peninsula.

In the Israeli arena the attack of October 1973 undermined national confidence and weakened political resolve. The post-war agreements whittled Israel's territorial base, with withdrawals in Sinai and Golan immediately following American diplomatic intervention in the Middle East.

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IT IS HARD to find even one area of activity where Israel has advanced like the Arabs. Arab military capacity, economic strength, political influence, and national purpose far outdistance anything Israel has done.

There is no way in which an Israeli-Egyptian peace, even assuming it will be maintained and consolidated, can compensate for all the Arab gains against a relatively weakened Israel.

For this reason, "peace" is a very problematic experience for Israel: it seems to promise an end to national danger and a realization of the hope for regional acceptance, yet it may camouflage a tacit recognition of Arab superiority and dominance that leaves Israel's welfare at the mercy of her neighbours.

Israel has always managed to handle Arab "military offences," but Sadat's "peace offensive" apparently caught Israel off-guard and unprepared.

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More attractive is the second source of funds that Gafny mentions, which does not require any new outlays by the creditor countries. I think attention should be concentrated on that.

First, a word of explanation: Israel is stuck in a classic labyrinth

she is weak and dependent, then we must expect that Israel will sooner or later yield the Golan and Judea and Samaria, allow a PLO state, and withdraw from Jerusalem.

But why should it stop there? There is no likelihood that a strong, determined Arab world, still hostile from an ideological viewpoint to a Jewish state anywhere in "Palestine," will tolerate this mutilated Zionist entity stuck into the heart of Moslem territory.

There are many measures that could be taken to strengthen Israel's national capacity. Abroad we must search for allies and support in all quarters and forge a powerful information campaign in the West.

At home we must consolidate Israel's military strength and try to move towards greater economic independence by accepting a standard of living that is appropriate both to our productive capacity and the continuous state of war and emergency we live in.

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It is disturbing to consider that the Americans and the Egyptians bluffed Israel into premature concessions. If not surrender, the trauma of Yom Kippur lives with us: We do not believe in ourselves as a

There is no retreat from the inexorable logic of "Israel has no alternative." We have survived because of our strength and confidence; if we have neither, then we just cannot survive.

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nation the way we did before. This is our true weakness beyond any objective inferiority compared to the strength of the Arab world.

No one can prove that Israel has no alternative but to surrender. Neither can one prove that Israel has a viable alternative other than surrender. Yet only a belief in an alternative other than surrender can create the possibility for Israel to go on — to strengthen the country's resources and the people's confidence in their ability to determine the fate of the state.

We must imagine that it is possible to make our own basic national decisions. This is not a leap into the unknown. This is a prerequisite for our survival and our survival. Dr. Nisan teaches Middle East Politics at the Hebrew University's School for Overseas Students.

An alternative to surrender

Israel must regain the national confidence it lost in October 1973 if it hopes to avoid being pressured out of existence, writes MORDECHAI NISAN.

their practical control by physical construction, demographic growth, and political administration — have weakened Jewish authority in the land.

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READERS' LETTERS

CARNAGE ON THE ROADS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — Traffic accidents and the senseless loss of life accompanying them are the scourge of Israel. Since alcoholism is virtually unknown in Israel, we must look to reasons other than drunken driving as the cause of such carnage.

DEFENDING OUR OWN

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — Your editorial of June 3, "Stamp out Jewish terror," starts off plying the fear in the eyes of an Arab girl whose home was broken into, although no one was hurt. When are we going to start to feel sorry for our own? What about the fear in a Jewish girl's eyes when she sees an Arab roadblock that is preventing her from reaching home?

THE WORLD COUNCIL OF CHURCHES

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — In your issue of June 8, there was a story by your Ian Black under the heading, "U.S. expected to ask Bir-Zeit's reopening." One sentence, among others, caught my attention: "Bir-Zeit also receives financial support from a number of U.S.-based organizations, including the World Council of Churches."

RUSSIAN DROPOUTS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — The issue of the Russian dropouts appears to be causing quite a stir in the American Jewish community, according to your correspondent, Wolf Blitzer. I am one of those who, while hoping the Russian Jews will redress their routes to Israel, does not hold it against them if, instead of coming here, they go on to America or elsewhere.

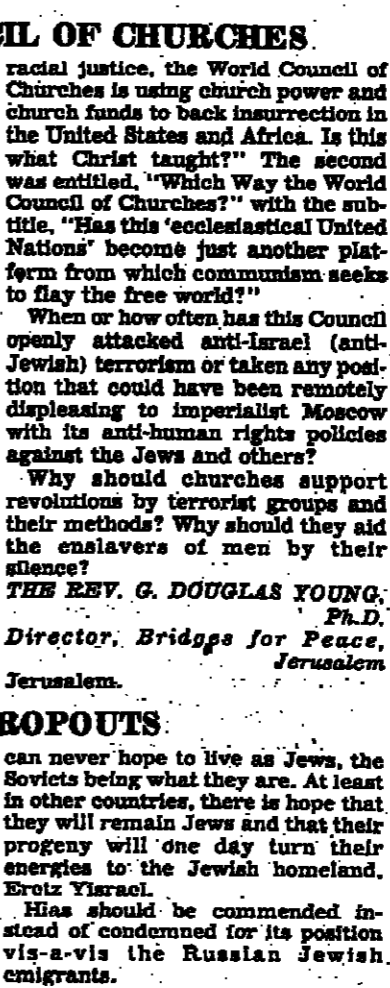
FEMINISTS AND THE PRESS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — I would like to congratulate The Post and Tamar Kaufman ("Feminists together" — June 8) for the first accurate reporting of feminist activities that I have seen in this country. I hope this will be the beginning of a new relationship between feminists and the press.

CHANGE THE ELECTORAL SYSTEM

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post Sir, — The deplorable spectacle in the Knesset debate of June 13 is yet another pointer to the need for change in the method of electing M.K.s.

DRY BONES



RUSSIAN DROPOUTS

can never hope to live as Jews, the Soviets being what they are. At least in other countries, there is hope that they will remain Jews and that their progeny will one day turn their energies to the Jewish homeland, Eretz Yisrael.

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